OUMAN EH-800 Heating controller USER MANUAL

If it is too cold or hot, press OK.

Contri modei Automatic

Temp, level 🔆

ET.









OUMAN EH-800

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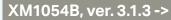
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22

38

OK

OUMAN OY www.ouman.fi



EH-800 is a heating controller for private homes and business facilities having heating systems with circulating water. An extension unit can be obtained as optional equipment making it possible to take a second control circuit into use. If a second control circuit has been taken into use, numbers 1 or 2 will appear on the main display indicating which control circuit is in use. The EH-800 model has an intra/ internet connection (the EH-800 B model does not have it).

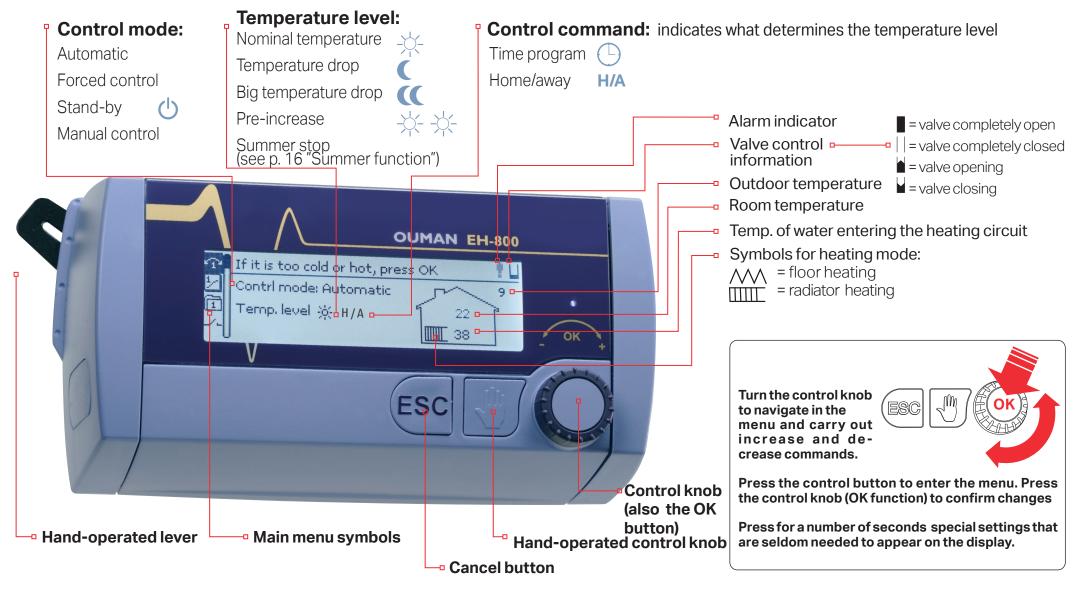
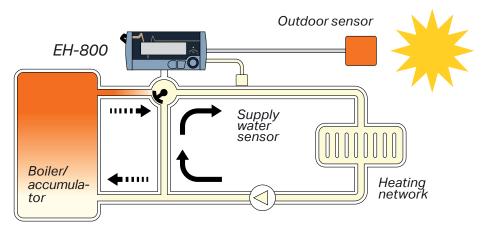


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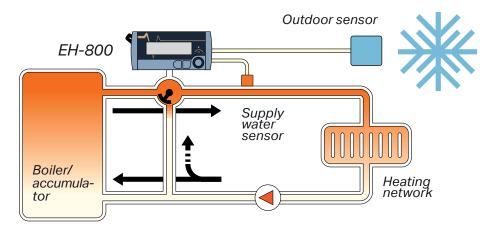
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EH-800 automatically controls the temperature

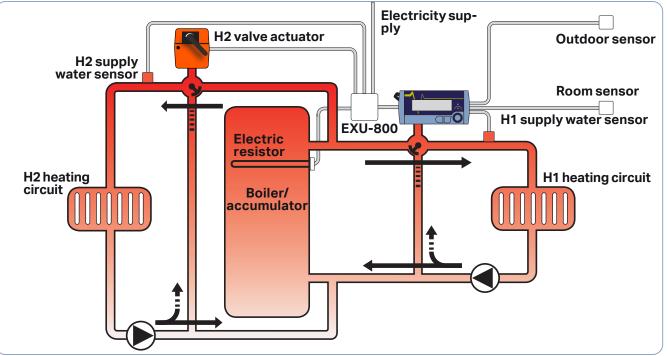


EH-800 automatically controls the temperature of the water entering the heating network. The heating need changes according to the outdoor temperature.



As the outdoor temperature gets colder, the controller lets just enough heat into the network to keep the room temperature at an even level.

Control of a second heating circuit



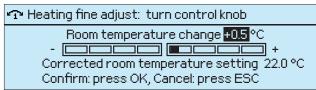
An EXU-800 external unit can be connected to the controller making it possible to control a second heating circuit. As a result, e.g., heating of damp rooms can be controlled separately. For this to be possible, the facility's heating system must be divided into two circuits.

A basic diagram for connecting two heating circuits. The controller controls both heating circuits on the basis of the same outdoor temperature measurement but different supply water temperature measurements. Each heating circuit has its own curve and other settings that effect control.

🖙 Fine adjustment

The fine adjustment function enables you to make small changes in temperature. It pays to use this function when the room temperature remains the same but it is too cold or too hot.

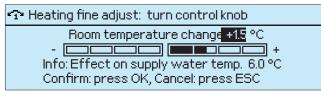
Room temperature measurement in use:



When a room sensor is in use, fine tuning directly effects the calculated room temperature + 4 $^{\circ}$ C.

The corrected setting for the room temperature is "Room temperature setting + " Fine adjustment" + "Potentiometer (TMR/SP) determined room temperature setting change"

Room temperature measurement is not in use:



When the room sensor is not connected, fine adjustment effects the heating curve as a parallel shift and the steepness of the curve does not change. The effect of fine adjustment on the supply water temperature can be seen on the bottom row.

\mathbf{r}_1 effects the H1 control circuit.

effects the H2 control circuit.

(only appears if the H2 control circuit has been taken into use, initiation see p. 35).

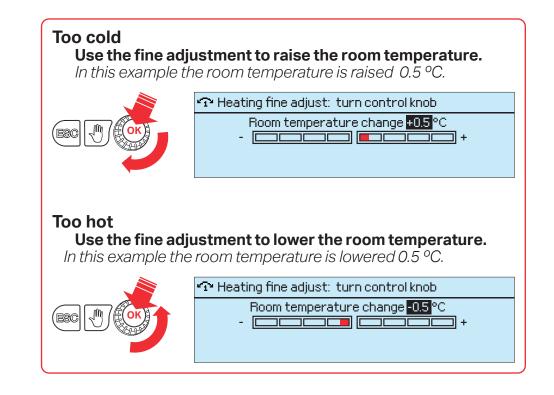
Instructions:

Press OK in the main display.

Turn the control knob in the desired direction and press OK to confirm.

Fine adjustment settings can also be inspected and changed in settings (see p. 50).

If outdoor temperature changes effect the room temperature, the heating curve's settings must be changed. (see next page).

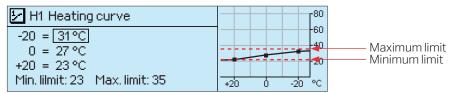


Heating curve settings

The basis of an even room temperature is a heating curve of the correct shape. The correct shape depends on many factors. (the building's insulation, type of heat distribution, size of the network, etc.). The supply water temperature for different outdoor temperatures is set in heating curve settings. With Ouman EH-800 the heating curve can be adjusted exactly to meet the needs of the facility from either three or five points. A 3 point curve is the factory setting.

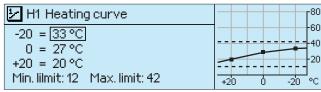
Examples of 3 point curve factory settings:

1. Floor heating, damp rooms

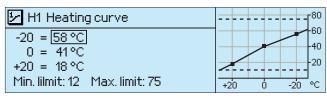


The supply water minimum limit setting also ensures a comfortable and good drying temperature in the summer.

2. Floor heating, normal heating curve



3. Radiator heating, normal heating curve



4. Radiator heating, steep heating curve

H1 Heating curve	80
-20 = 63 °C	60
$0 = 44 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	40
+20 = 18 °C	20
Min. lilmit: 12 Max. limit: 75	
Min. III ni C. 12 - Max. III ni C. 75	+20 0 -20 °C

The controller has factory set curves and settings suitable for different heating modes that usually do not have to be changed.

The heating curve needs to be adjusted if the room temperature does not remain even when the temperature is below zero and falling.

If the room temp. drops, make the curve steeper (set the bigger values at -20 and 0).



If the room temp. rises, make the curve less steep (set the smaller values at -20 and 0).

	🕑 H1 Heating curve	
0	-20 = 58 °C → 54 °C	60
	0 = 41°C -> 39°C	40
	+20 = 18 °C	20
	Min. limit: 12 Max. limit: 75	+20 0 -20 °C

Note! Changes effect room temperature slowly

Wait at least 24 hours before readjusting settings. Especially in buildings having floor heating the delays in room temperature changes are quite long.

The 3-point curve has automatic curve adjustment! The controller does not allow descending curves or curves that are too concave.

A parallel shift can be made to the heating curve using the fine adjustment function (see p. 50) The 5 point curve is taken into use in process settings (see p. 30 and 35)

The ends of the heating curve are adjusted using the minimum and maximum limits. The supply water minimum limit setting ensures that the pipes do not freeze. The maximum limit setting ensures that excessively hot water that could damage structures (e.g., parquet with floor heating) does not enter the heating system.



effects the H1 control circuit curve.

effects the H2 control circuit curve.

(only appears if the H2 control circuit has been taken into use, initiation see p. 35).

Basic menu: Measurements

Basic menu -> Measurements

1 > Measurements	Ľ
H1 Supply water temperature	35.1 °C 📲
Outdoor temperature	-18.2 °C
H1 Room temperature	21.5 °C
H2 Supply water temperature	32.5 °C

The measurements menu displays present information about connected sensors and valve positions. A factory set supply water sensor is connected to the controller. It has a separate plug-in for outdoor temperature. Information about measurement channels 3 and 4 on pages 24-26. Measurements 5 and 6 are also in use if an extension unit has been connected to the controller. Connect the supply water sensor of the second heating control circuit (H2) to the extension unit (EXU-800). When you take the H2 control circuit into use in process settings, automatically reserve measurement 5 of the EH-800 controller for H2 control water heating measurement.

Measurement	Range	Measurement information
Supply water temperature	0+130°C	Present temperature of water entering the heating network.
Outdoor temperature	-50+50°C	Present measured outdoor temperature.
Room temperature	-10+80°C	Present room temperature.
Return water temperature	0+130°C	Present temperature of water returning form the heating network.
Measurement 3 (4, 5) (can be labelled)	0+130°C	Measurement channels 3, 4 and 5 can be used as free temperature measurements. If the meas- urement has not been labeled, it appears as "Measurement 3 (4)". Measurement channel 5 is in use if an extension unit is connected to the controller.
Valve position0100%Present position of the valve.Cascade valve control0100%If cascade control is in use, the controller's display indicates into which ing the valve at the present.		If cascade control is in use, the controller's display indicates into which position the controller is mov-
Outdoor ave. temp (prev. day) -50+50°C	The controller uses the average temperature of the previous day (24 hour period) e.g., when the outdoor sensor malfunctions.
Delayed outdoor temp. measurement		The average outdoor temperature that the controller uses for control. (setting the average p. 13).
Delayed room temp. measurement		The average room temperature that the controller uses for control (see p. 48).
Key word: Measurements		If a GSM is connected to the controller, you can read measurement information form a mobile phone. Send a message: Measurements. The controller sends the present measurement information to your mobile phone. (If you have a device ID, write the device ID in front of the key word, e.g., TC01 Measurements)

Graphic presentation of measurement history information

Basic menu -> Measurements -> Press OK at measurement information



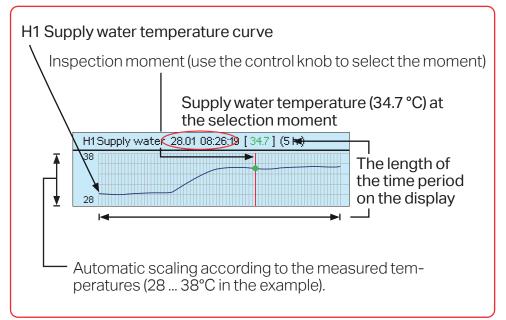
Temperature measurement trend display:

Press OK at a temperature measurement, a trend display will appear for that measurement.

Use the control knob to browse measurement history. The exact measurement and time and date will appear at the top edge of the display next to the cursor. As a factory setting, temperatures are saved every ten minutes (=600 s). Press OK to alternately zoom in or zoom out the trend display. In case sampling interval is 10 minutes (600 s), the distance between the vertical lines is either 10 minutes or 1 hour. In this case, the controller's memory contains history information from the last 10 days. You may change trend sampling interval if you wish (Device settings -> Measurement channel settings, p. 24) Press ESC to exit the trend display.

Use the trend display to easily monitor, e.g., temperature drops and room temperature levels. You can also check outdoor temperatures from the trend.

The controller automatically flushes and calibrates the valve once a week on (as a factory setting Monday at 08 am). The controller first completely closes the valve and then if the flush function has been taken into use it opens it to the flush position and then to the position determined by the controller (see Device settings > Valve flushing, p. 38)



You may download a trend file from EH-800 device to your pc via controller web page and examine the trend chart on your pc display. You may use Ouman Trend software to look at a trend file as a chart. Go to www.ouman.fi to download the software.

Basic menu: Supply water info

Basic menu -> H1 (H2) Supply water info

1 >H1 Radiator heatingH1 Supply water info		
Supply water according to curve	35.1 °C	
Effect of fine adjustment	5.9 °C	
Calculated supply water setting	41.0 °C	

The supply water info shows which factors are effecting the supply water temperature at the time of inspection. The starting point is the supply water temperature according to the outdoor temperature (according to the heating curve). For example, if you see a temperature drop in the supply water info you can determine which settings may be incorrect (e.g., minimum or maximum limit settings).

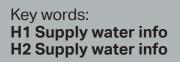
According to the example in the diagram the supply water is 35.1°C. The supply water setting has been adjusted 5,9 °C.using the fine adjustment. According to these the calculated supply water setting is 41.0°C (=35.1 + 5.9).

Factors effecting the supply water temp.	Explanation
Supply water according to curve	Supply water temperature according to the curve at the present outdoor temperature.
Effect of floor heating anticipate	Effect of the floor heating anticipate function on the supply water temperature (see p. 13).
Effect of outdoor temp. delay	The delaying effect of the outdoor temperature measurement on supply water control calculated from the monitoring time period (see p 13).
Effect of fine adjustment	Effect of fine adjustment on the supply water temperature
Effect of room compensation	Effect of room compensation on the supply water
Room compensation time adjustment	Additional fine adjustment to room compensation based on present control (effect of I control) HInt: If the room compensation's time adjustment always adjusts the room temperature in the same direction, e.g., +3°C when the outdoor temperature is below zero, it means that the curve has been set too low. In this example, the supply water curve must be raised at -20°C outdoor temperature.
Time program effect on supply water	Effect on the supply water temperature of a temperature drop or big temperature drop by the week clock control or exception calendar control.
Home/Away control by switch Home/Away control by SMS Home/Away control by controller	Effect of "Away" control on the supply water temperature. The switch, SMS, or control row indi- cates where the home or away command has come from. For example, Home/Away SMS, mobile phone control.
Effect of autumn drying	Effect of automatic autumn drying on the supply water temperature (se p. 53).

Supply water info

Factors effecting the supply water temp.	Explanation
Effect of maximum limit	Supply water temperature drop due to the maximum limit.
Effect of minimum limit	Supply water temperature increase due to the minimum limit. Both the general minimum limit set for the supply water and -20°C outdoor temperature effect the minimum limit.
Effect of return water compensation	Effect of the return water limiting functions on the supply water. If the return water temperature drops below the lower limit the supply water temperature is raised and if the return water temperature rises above the maximum limit the supply water temperature is lowered. The return water temperature measurement can be taken into use only in the H1 control circuit.
Stand-by	Lowering effect of free temperature drop on supply water temperature
H1 Summer function	The controller closes the valve in summer function (see p. 52).
Outdoor temp. limits the drop	The effect of the temperature drop block on the supply water temperature (see p. 49)
Calculated supply water setting	Present supply water temperature determined by the controller. All the factors are considered that affect the supply water temperature.
Effect of setting delay	Effect of the limit set for the speed of change of the supply water setting on the supply water tem- perature. (see p. 54).
Supply water temperature	Present measured supply water temperature.

The controller controls the supply water temperature to its calculated setting.



Send a message: H1 Supply water info.

The controller sends a supply water info from the H1 heating circuit to your mobile phone that shows you the controller determined supply water temperature at the present and the factors effecting supply water control. The message cannot be changed or sent back to the controller.

Basic menu: Room temperature info

Basic menu -> H1 (H2) Room temperature info

🚺 > H1 Radiator heating > Basic menu	
Measurements	> [
Supply water info	>
Room temperature info	>
Settings	>

If a room sensor is connected to the controller, you can check the room temperature info to see which factors determine the room temperature at the time of inspection.

Factor effecting the room temperature	Explanation
Delayed room temp. measurement	Delayed room temperature that the controller uses in control (see p. 48).
Room temperature setting	Room temperature setting set by the user.
Effect of fine adjustment	Effect of fine adjustment on the room temperature setting (see p. 5 and 47).
Effect of potentiometer	Room temperature setting change by the potentiometer (only in H1).
Time program effect on room temp.	Room temperature drop by week clock or exception calendar.
Home/Away control by switch Home/Away control by SMS Home/Away control by controller	Room temperature change controlled by the Home/Away switch. Effect of a "Home" or "Away" command by a mobile phone on the room temperature. Effect of a "Home" or "Away" control by the controller on the room temperature
Effect of autumn drying	Effect of automatic autumn drying on room temperature.
	Present room temperature setting determined by the controller.
Image: Second	Example. The room temperature has been set at 21.0°C. Fine adjustment raises the temperature 0.5°C. The controller sets the calculated room temperature at 21.5°C (=21.0+ 0.5).
Key words: H1 Room temperature info H2 Room temperature info	Send a message: H1 Room temperature info. The controller sends a room temperature info from the H1 heating control circuit to your mobile phone that shows you the calculated room temperature setting that can be used in control. The message can't be changed or sent back to the controller.

Basic menu: Settings

Basic menu -> H1 (H2) Settings

H1 Radiator heating > Settings		
Room temperature	21.0 °C >	Π
Temperature drop(room temperature)	1.5 °C >	
Big temperature drop (room temp)	5.0 °C >	74
Supply water min limit	12.0 °C >	D

🖸 Room temperature



The EH-800 controller's settings are divided into two groups; main settings and less frequently adjusted special settings which can be seen by pressing OK for a number of seconds. These settings are set into the settings menu. Press OK again for a number of seconds to hide the settings.

Changing a setting: Turn the control knob until the setting to be changed appears against a black background. Press OK to open a new window in which the changes are made. Press Esc to exit..

Locking settings: Lock the settings to prevent unauthorized persons from changing settings. The controller will then ask for the locking code before it lets you change settings. (see p. 43).

This section illustrates main settings. Special settings are illustrated on pages 47-54.

Setting:	Factory- setting	Range:	Information about settings:
Supply water setting	15.0°C	0.095.0°C	Can be set when the heating mode is the constant temperature controller.
Room temperature	21.0°C	5.050.0°C (0.095.0°C)	Basic room temperature setting for the controller set by the user. The room temperature can be set when room temperature measurement has been taken into use. The room temperature setting range can be increased or limited between 0.095.0 °C (see room temperature setting range min/max, p. 48 in special maintenance settings).
Temperature drop Supply water (radiator Supply water (floor h.) Room temperature	h.) 6°C 2°C 1.5°C	090°C 090°C 090.0°C	Amount of temperature drop set by the user. (factory setting; 6 °C with radiator heating, 2 °C with floor heating). If room temperature measurement has been taken into use, the temperature drop is given direct- ly as a room temperature drop.
Big temperature dro Supply water (radiator Supply water (floor h.) Room temperature		6°C 090°C heating). If room temperature measurement has been taken into use, the big temperature drop is	
			Temperature drops can be activated by the controller's time program, home-away func-

Temperature drops can be activated by the controller's time program, home-away function or the controller's forced control.

Setting	Factory- setting	Range	Information about settings
Supply water minimum lim radiator heating floor heating normal floor heating damp room constant temp. contolle	12.0°C 12.0°C IS 23.0°C	5.095.0°(0.095.0°(C Minimum allowed supply water temperature. A higher minimum temperature is used in damp rooms and tiled rooms than in, e.g., rooms having a parquet floor to ensure a comfortable temperature and removal of moisture in the summer. C
Supply water maximum lin radiator heating floor heating normal floor heating damp room	75°C 42°C	595°C	Maximum allowed supply water temperature. The maximum limit prevents the temperature in the heating circuit from rising too high, preventing damage to pipes and surface materials. If, e.g., the characteristic heating curve setting is incorrect, the maximum limit prevents excessively hot water from entering the network.
Outdoor temp. measurement delay radiator heating floor heating	2h Oh	015h 05h	The length of the outdoor temperature measurement monitoring period from which the controller cal- culates an approximate average. Supply water temperature control occurs on the basis of the meas- urement of the average. The factory setting for the radiator heating delay is 2 hours and in floor heating (0h) the delay is not used. If the temperature is below zero and falling and for a period of time the room temperature rises too high or if the weather warms up and for a period of time the room temperature falls too low, increase the outdoor temperature delay time. If the opposite happens, decrease the delay time.
Summer function (outd. t. limit)	Not in use	Not in us 595℃	The outdoor temp. limit at which the H1 control valve is closed. (pump stop see p. 16). The setting is sethe same for control circuits H1 and H2. The summer function is inactivated when the outdoor temp. is at least 0,5° C below the setting and the clearance delay has ended (clearance delay see p. 52) If floor heating for damp rooms is in use, the factory setting for the summer function is "not in use". The summer function is inactivated if the supply water freezing risk gives an alarm. This setting can be set in the H2 control circuit only if "closed" has been selected for the valve position in summer function (see p. 52).
			Floor heating anticipate attempts to minimize changes in room temp. when the outdoor temp. chang- es. In floor heating, the concrete slows the transfer of heat into the room. Floor heating anticipate min-
Floor heating anticipate radiator heating floor heating	9 2h	- 06h	imizes changes in room temp. when the outdoor temp. changes. If the temp. is below zero and falling and for a period of time the room temp. falls too low or if the weather warms up and for a period of time the room temp. rises too high, increase the outdoor temp. delay time. If the opposite happens, decrease the delay time.
Key words: H1 Settings H2 Settings			Send a message: Settings. (If you have a device ID, write the device ID in front of the key word, e.g., TC01 Settings). The controller sends the present settings to your mobile phone. If you want to change settings, write the new setting in place of the old setting and send a message back to the controller. The controller sends the setting as a return message. You can check the message to see that the setting has been changed.

Basic menu: Control modes

Basic menu -> H1 (H2) Control modes

Image: Rediator heating > Basic menu Image: Rediator heating > Basic menu Supply water info > Room temperatur info > Settings > Control mode > Control mode >	The selected control mode always appears in the controller's basic display. Changing the control mode: Turn the control knob to move to control mode in the basic dis- play. The selected control mode appears in the display. Press OK to open a new window. Turn the control knob and press OK to select the desired control mode. Press ESC to exit. Explanation
Automatic	EH-800 controls the supply water temperature automatically accord- ing to the need for heating and possible time programs and home-away con- trol commands. Automatic control is the recommended control mode.
Forced control, nominal temp. Forced control, temp. drop Forced control, bigger temp. drop	Continuous nominal temperature. Continuous temperature drop Continuous big temperature drop
Manual electrical Radiator heating Control modes Control mode Manual, el. > Cascade control valve control 20% > H1 Valve control: 15% > H1 valve position 15 %	The valve remains in that position until manual control has been turned off. The measured H1 valve position appears in the controller's display. If cascade control is in use, the controller can move the H1 valve into the desired position using the actuator connected to EH-800. The controller can also move the cascade control valve into the desired position. If cascade control is in use and you switch the controller to manual via a mobile phone, the % that you give represents the combined positions of the valves. <i>Examples: 100% = both valves completely open.</i> 50% = the valve connected to EH-800 is closed and the cascade control valve is 60% open.
Stand-by	The controller lets the supply water temperature drop freely to the freezing limit.
Valve flushing and valve calibration run is o	nce a week (see p. 38).
Manual mechanical	Unplug the controller from the power source. The EH-800 control- ler also has a mechanical hand-operated lever. Press the control knob (1) and turn the lever (2) simultaneously. The position of the hand-operated lever indicates the position of the valve.
Key words: H1 Control modes H2 Control modes	Send a message: H1 Control modes . The controller sends a return message in which a * appears in front of the control mode in use. If you want to change the control mode, move the * in front of the desired control mode and send the message back to the controller. The controller will then send a return message showing that it has switched to the desired control mode.

--- Home/Away control (H/A)

Muut ohjaukset -> Home/Away control Home/Away control O Home O No H/A control O Away	The "Home" and "Away" controls can only be used if the controller is on automatic control. The control command can be given from the controller's menu, from the home/away switch connected to the controller or from a mobile phone. Regardless of from where the control command comes, the controller's Home/Away display is updated. The last control command is in use. The control command affects both H1 and H2 control circuits. If only the second control circuit is to be used in the home / away control, set the second control circuit tem- peratur setting value to zero (see page 12).	
Home/Away control	Explanation	
Home	When a home control command is received, the controller by-passes the present temperature drop command in use and switches to <u>nominal temperature</u> .	
Away	An away control command causes the controller to switch to <u>temperature drop</u> . The controller switches to a big temperature drop if the week program or exception calendar controls it to a big temperature drop.	
No H/A control	In the no Home/Away control mode the controller is on automatic control and follows the week program and exception calendar. If time programs have not been made, the controller is in the nominal temperature mode.	
Example 1. The controller does not have a week program or exception calendar program: An "Away" command causes the controller to switch to a temperature drop. A "Home" command causes the controller to switch back to a nominal temperature mode.		

Example 2. The controller has a week program:

An "Away" command causes the controller to switch from the weekly program to a temperature drop. A "Home" command causes the controller to switch to a nominal temperature mode and then begin temperature drops according to the weekly calendar.

Example 3. The temperature drop has been made with the exception calendar and you want to temporarily switch to a nominal temperature.

A "Home" control causes the controller to switch to the nominal temperature mode.

An "Away" control command causes the controller to switch back to a temperature level controlled by the exception calendar.

Key words: Home Away



The Home/Away control is only in effect if the controller is on automatic control. When you send a Home or Away message, the controller sends back an OUMAN message showing that the HOME or AWAY control is on.

--- Other controls: Relay control

Other controls -> Relay control

λ >Other controls	
Home/Away control	No H/A control >
Relay control	>

Relay control is in use if an extension unit is connected to the controller. Relay control is taken into use from the controller's device settings. Relay control can be used to stop the pump for the summer. or the relay can be controlled according to the temperature, temperature difference, position of the valve or the time program. If hybrid heating has been taken into use, the controller reserves the relay for charge pump control. Normally, the relay's control mode is automatic. If necessary, the relay can be force controlled ON or OFF.

Relay use

Explanation

Pump summer stop:

--- > Other controls > Relay control

Relay control	Pump summer stop
Control mode	Automatic>
Summer function (outdoor ten	np. limit) 17°C>
Pump state	Run

The controller stops the pump when the outdoor temperature rises above the "Summer function (outdoor temp. limit)" (see p. 13 or 52). Go to H2 control circuit special settings to select whether the H2 control circuit is to be actively controlled during pump summer stop or whether the H2 control circuit valve is to be at the minimum limit (see p.52). During the period when the pump is stopped it runs once a week during valve flushing to prevent the valve from becoming stuck (see p. 38). The pump runs when the controller is without operating voltage (230V). If "ON" has been selected, the pump runs continuously and the relay is open. If "OFF" has been selected the pump is stopped. If "Auto" has been selected, pump runs according to the outdoor temperature.

Relay control according to the temperature:

> Other controls > Relay control			
Relay control	According to the temp	erature	
Control mode	Aut	:omatic>	
Setting at which the relay is active (ON) 58			
		4°C>	
Temperatur of boile	67 °C		
Relay control mode	ON		
_,			

The controller's device settings determines which temperature measurement controls the relay and whether relay control begins when the temperature rises or falls to that setting. The controller's display shows you which temperature measurement information relay control uses, the temperature measurement information and the present state of the relay. Examples: 1. When the boiler temperature rises above the setting the controller switches on the charging pump and collects heat into the accumulator. When the boiler temperature drops below the set-

ting the amount of the hysteresis, the charging pump is switched off.

2. The controller switches on an additional heat source (e.g., an electric heater), when the temperature of the boiler drops below the setting and switches off the electric heater when the temperature of the accumulator rises the amount of the hysteresis above the setting.

--- Relay control

Other controls -> Relay control

Relay use

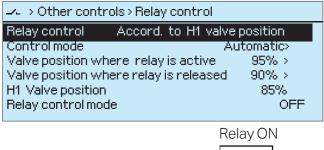
Explanation

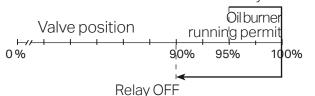
Relay control according to the temperature difference:

Relay control Accord, to the temp. c	lifference
Control mode	Automatic>
Temp. of solar collector (A)	68.3°C >
Temperatur of accumulator (B)	55.4°C>
Temp. diff. (A-B) where relay is active	10 °C >
Temp.diff. (A-B) where relay is released	3°C >
Relay control mode	ON

Two different temperatures are compared, e.g., the temperatures of the solar collector and accumulator. When the temperature difference is large enough, e.g., 10 °C, the solar collector's circulating pump is switched on. When the temperature difference drops to, e.g., 3 °C, the circulating pump is switched off.

Relay control according to the H1 Valve position:





General alarm:

-~ Ot	her controls > Relay cont	rol
	control	General alarm
Relay	control mode	OFF

Relay control is switched on (ON) when the valve opens to the set setting. Relay control is switched off when the valve position is at the OFF setting. The present actuator position and relay mode can be seen from the controller's display.

Select the energy mode according to H1 control valve's control information.

Example: The water in the boiler is first warmed using inexpensive energy (e.g., air-to-water heat pump) When EH-800 has almost completely opened the control valve (e.g., 95%) the relay is activated (ON) and the oil burner receives a running permit. When the heating need decreases the controller starts closing the valve. The oil burner's running permit is inactivated when the valve has closed to the point at which the relay switches to the OFF mode (e.g., 90%).

When any of the alarms is activated in the device, also the sum/common alarm is activated. The common alarm does not indicate, which alarm in the device is active. When any of the alarms is unacknowledged, the relay is active.

An example: If EH-800 is installed in a separated room, the information of the controller`s alarm can be transmitted to the accommodation by connecting e.g. an indicator lamp or a siren to the relay. When the controller alarms, the indicator lamp or the siren indicates the alarm.

Relay use

Other controls > Relay control

Explanation

Relay control according to the time program:

Relay control Accord. to the time program Control mode Automatic> Relay weekly/24-hour program > Relay control mode ON
Relay weekly calender: Edit, press OK Monday Tuesday Wednesdy 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24
Time Relay mode M T W T F S S 22:00 Relay ON Image: Image

The relay changes its mode according to its week/24 hour program. The controller's display shows the present control mode. The relay's week/24 hour program can also be found under clock programs. Set the time for relay control. Select the mode for the relay at the set time. Then select the days of the week that relay control is to be used.

Example: The floor is heated using night time electricity.

Creating the week/24 hour program for the relay:

Press OK at the "Add new" row.

Press OK. Set the time for relay control (set the hours and minutes separately) and Press OK to confirm the time.

Press OK, then turn the control knob to set the mode for the relay and press OK to confirm. Press OK at each day of the week that the control command is to be set for. Press OK at the end of the row to confirm the new time program. Press ESC to exit.

In the example, relay control is activated Sunday - Friday from ten p.m. to six a.m.

In hybrid heating, the relay is used to control the charge pump:

Other controls > Relay control			
Relay control	Charge pump control		
Controlmode	Automatic>		
Temp. of solar collector (A)	66.3 °C 🗖		
Temperatur of accumulator	(B) 55.4 °C		
Temp. diff. (A-B) where rela	y is active 50 °C >		
Temp.diff. (A-B) where relay	isreleased 30°C > Ŭ		
Relay control mode	ON		

Two temperatures are compared, e.g. solar collector temperature and accumulator temperature. When the temperature difference grows big enough (e.g. 10°C), the solar collector charge pump starts. When the temperature difference gets small enough (e.g. 2 °C), the pump stops.

Key word: Relay control



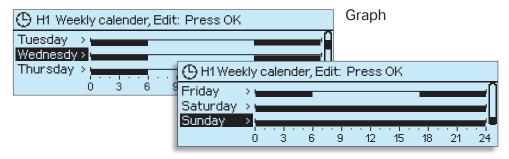
Send a message: **Relay control**. The controller sends a return message with a * in front of the control mode in use (auto/ON/OFF). If you want to change the control mode, move the * in front of the desired control mode and send a message back to the controller. The controller sends a return message showing that the controller has changed the control mode.

① Temperature drop Weekly/24-hour program

Clock functions -> H1 (H2) Weekly/24-hour program



The week program is used to make temperature drops occurring at regular intervals. The week program can be seen from the graph or the edit display. The bars on the graph indicate when the temperature drop is active and the switch times appear at the bottom.



Browsing the week program:

Turn the control knob to browse the week program. If you want to see exact switch times or you want to change, delete or add switch times, press OK at some day of the week.

Time Temp. level		MTWTFSS	
06:00 Nominal temp.	淤		Ar
17:00 Temperat. drop	Ċ.	$\blacksquare \blacksquare $	
00:00 Addinew			

n edit display

An edit display will open up which displays all the switch times and also the heating mode and days of the week of the switch times.

The example shows a week program for an office with a temperature drop Monday – Friday from 5 pm to 6 am.

Adding a new switch time:

Press OK at the "Add new" row.

Press OK. Set the switch time (set hours and minutes separately) and press OK.

Press OK and then turn the control knob to set the temperature level and press OK. Press OK at each week day to set the days of the week. Press OK at the end of the row to confirm the new time program. Exit with ESC.

Editing the week program:

1. Set the switch tin		2.Set the desired temperature		3. Select the day of the week
Time		Temp. level		MTWTFSS
	17:00	Nominal temp. 🔅 Temperat. drop (Add new	÷	9 9 9 9 9 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Turn the control knob to move the frame to the value you want to change and press OK. The value to be changed will have a black background. Press OK. Made the change and press OK. Exit with ESC.

Deleting a switch time:

Time Temp. level	MTWTFSS
06:00 Nominal temp. 🛛 🔆	
17:00 Delete switch time	@ @ @ @ 🗆 🗆 OK
00:00 Addinew	

Turn the control knob to the switch time you want to delete and press OK. Press OK at temperature level and select "Delete switch time" and press OK at the end of the row.

Special calendar

Clock functions -> H1 (H2) Special calender

Clock functions H1 Weekly/24-hour program H2 Weekly/24-hour program H1 Special calender

H2 Special calender

Temperature drops lasting over a week or temperature drops that differ from the normal week program are done with thespecial calendar. The special calendar is stronger than the week calendar.

>

N

It is easy to make a temperature drop with the special calendar, e.g., when going on a vacation for a longer period of time. If the controller's pre-increase function has been taken into use, set the time you are returning home as the end time. Select "Automatic" at the ending time . The pre-increase ensures that a nominal temperature will been reached at the ending time (see p. 49).

• The control command symbol that appears in the EH-800 controller's basic display automatically changes according to what is controlling heating levels. When the control command comes from the set time program (week/24 hour clock or special calendar), a symbol of a clock appears in the main display.

In this example, there is a big temperature drop from 21.12.2021 to 03.01.2022 and then the controller switches to a nominal temperature mode if the week program or Home /Away control doesn't control the temperature drop.

Day	Time	Special cale	ndar mode	
21.12.2021	08:00	Big temp. drop)	()
03.01.2022	16:00	Automat		>
00.00.0000	00:00	Addinew		>
Special cale	ndar: Ad	d/change.conne	ection time	;
Day:	21/12	.2021 Time:		
11:30				
Mode:	Big t	emp. drop	((
Approve:	Rea	dy		

A temperature drop for a certain length of time is made using the exception calendar as follows:

Move to exception calendar and press OK. Press OK at the "Add new" row. Press OK and set the time (date and time), for the temperature drop to begin. Press OK.

Press OK at the mode row and select the mode for the controller to switch to at the above set time. You can select "Temperat. drop", " Bigger temp. drop" or " Contin. nominal temperat.". Press " Ready" to confirm exception calendar control.

The Home/Away control is only in effect if the controller is on automatic control. When you send a Home or Away message, the controller sends back an OUMAN message showing that the HOME or AWAY control is on.

Deleting a temperature drop from the exception calendar:

Select the switch moment to be deleted at mode "Delete switch time" and select "Ready" to confirm.

The amount of temperature drop is given in settings (see p. 12. The pre-increase function can be used when switching from a temperature drop to a nominal temperature. (see p. 49)

Key word: Special calendar

Special calendar: (#1) 21.12. 21 08:00 BIGGER DROP/ 03.01.2216:00 AUTOM/dd.mm.yy hh:mm mode/

Date Time Status dd.mm.yyhh:mm.mode

Mode (status): BIGGER DROP = bigger temperature drop DROP = temperature drop AUTOM = automatic control CONTIN. NOMIN. = continuous nominal temperature

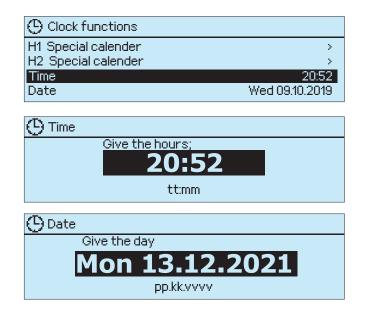


() Time and date

Clock functions -> Time and date

It is important that the time and date are correct, because, e.g., in alarms you can see when the alarm has become activated and when it has become inactive.

The controller's clock automatically makes summer time and standard time changes and registers leap years. The clock has a backup system in case of short power failures.



The hours and minutes can be set separately Set the hours and press OK to confirm. Set the minutes and press OK to confirm.

Setting the date

First set the day and press OK to confirm. Next set the month and press OK to confirm. Then set the year and press OK to confirm. The day of the week will automatically be updated on the display. Press ESC to exit from the time setting mode.

Daylight saving

Clock functions -> Daylight saving

🕒 Clock functions	
H2 Special calender	>
Time	20:52 >
Date	Mon 13.12.2021 >
Daylight saving	In use >

By selecting Daylight saving "In use", EH-800 automatically goes into summer and winter time.

Alarm notice

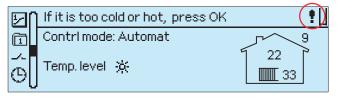
📍 Danger of freezing alarm

Supply water temperature 10.2 °C Received: 08.11.2019 klo 02:27

Press control knob to acknowledged the alarm.

The controller can give an alarm for many reasons. In the event of an alarm, an alarm window pops up which displays exact alarm information.

If there are a number of unacknowledged alarms in the controller, acknowledge the alarm appearing on the display and the previous alarm will appear. When all possible active alarms have been acknowledged, the alarm window will disappear from the display and the alarm will no longer sound.



Acknowledging alarms: Press OK. If the cause of the alarm has not disappeared, the exclamation mark in the right upper will blink.



Alarms

Alarms Alarm limits Active alarms Inactive alarms Empty alarm log	(((You can set alarm limits from the controller's alarm menu. Turn the control knob so the num- ber is outside of the setting range to take the alarm out of use. The text "Not in use" will ap- pear on the display. From the controller's alarm menu you can check the controller's active alarms and what alarms have been active. If the controller has active alarms, the number of active alarms will appear in the main alarm menu.		
Room temperature lower limit alarm, freezing risk alarm upper limit alarm	8.0°C 5.0°C 35°C	095°C 095°C 095°C	The room temperatur alarm settings are displayed if the room sensor is connected.		
Supply water lower limit alarm, freezing risk alarm upper limit alarm (radiat upper limit alarm (floor l	8°C 5°C or)85°C n.) 50°C	095°C 095°C 095°C 095°C	The controller will restart automatically if the con- troller has activated the upper limit alarm and the alarm has lasted 5 minutes.		
Supply water deviation alarm	Notinuse	120°C	The amount of deviation between the measured supply water temperature and the controller deter- mined supply water temperature which causes an alarm when the deviation has lasted for the time of the deviation alarm delay. To take the deviation alarm from use, set the setting outside of the set- ting range. The deviation alarm is not allowed when; heating is on summer stop (see p. 13), the con- troller is not on automatic or during the summer when the outdoor temperature is above 10°C and the supply water temperature is below 35°C.		
Delay of supply w. deviation alarm	60min	0120min	A deviation alarm is given if the deviation is enough to cause an alarm (wee the previous setting) and it lasts for the time period set here.		
Return water lower and upper limit alarr	4°C n 95°C	095°C 095°C	The controller gives a return water freezing risk alarm in addition to a lower and upper limit alarm. The alarm limit for the freezing risk alarm is determined by the calculated return water tempera- ture (see p. 50).		
Boiler's lower and upper limit alarr	40°C n 95°C	095°C 095°C	The setting appears if measurement 3 or 4 is		
Accumulator's lower and upper limit alarr			reserved for this pur- pose. The alarm has a 5 second alarm delay.		
Measurem. 3 (4) lowe and upper limit alarn		095°C 095°C	A free lower limit temperature alarm that can be labelled. A free upper limit temperature alarm that can be labelled.		

Alarms

Active alarms:

📍 Alarms	•	
Alarm limits		
Active alarms	>	
Inactive alarms	>	
Empty alarm log	>	
📍 Active alarms		
	loor temperatur	
13.12.2021 14:12 Supp	ly water temperatur 🔷 👘	-

Each active alarm is displayed on a separate row with its activation date. Press OK at the alarm row for more information about the alarm.

📍 Sensor fault alarm
Outdoor temperatur Error
Received 12.12,2021 20:16:00
Banastad slarm 3 times

Press control knob to acknowledge the alarm

If the controller repeatedly gives an alarm for the same reason, the number of times the controller has given the alarm appears on the display.

Inactive alarms:

🕴 Inactive	e alarms	•
19.02.2018	15:02 Outdoor temperatur	> [
18.01.2019	21:14 Supply water temperatur	>
15.01.2019	17:45 Supply water temperatur	>
02.01.2019	12:25 Measurement 3	> [

Inactive alarms can be read from the alarm history. From alarms you can see the cause of the alarm, where the alarm has come from and when the alarm has become inactive. (e.g., 19.02.2018 at 15:02:10). The last 10 alarms can be seen in inactive alarms.

Emptying the alarm history:

The controller asks for confirmation before it empties the alarm history.



Relaying alarm information to a mobile phone:



If a modem has been connected to the controller and a phone number has been given to which the alarm is sent, the controller also sends alarm information to the mobile phone. Alarm information can be sent to a mobile phone immediately after the alarm has arrived. The controller first sends information about the alarm to alarm number 1 and if the alarm is not acknowledged in 5 minutes the controller sends the message again to numbers 1 and 2. If the same alarm is repeated a number of times in a 24 hour period, the controller only sends information about 5 alarms / 24 hours.

Device settings: Language/ Kieli/Språk

Device settings -> Language/ Kieli/Språk

The language of the controller can be changed.

🛠 Kieli/Språk/Language	Press OK,
🛛 suomi	change language
o english	and press OK.
o eesti	
○ polish	
o russian	
o svenska	

23

X Device settings: Measurement channel settings

Device settings-> Measurement channel settings

🛠 Device settings			\sim
Language/Kieli/Språk	English >	Ω	(1.
Measur, channel settings	>		Ŭ
H1 Process settings	>		
H2 Process settings	>	U	

The EH -800 controller has 4 measurement channels. If an extension unit EXU-800 is connected to the controller, the controller has 6 measurement channels.

Measurement channel 1 is reserved for outdoor temperature measurement. The controller has its own plug-in for an outdoor temperature sensor. If the controller is used as a constant temperature controller, the outdoor temperature measurement can be activated or inactivated at this point.

An H1 supply water sensor is already connected to measurement channel 2.

Measurement channels 3 and 4 are connected to the controller using a connecting cord. Select the use for the measurement channels at this point. You can select a measurement connected to room compensation, a factory set temperature measurement or different alarm uses (contact information) as well as home/away switch use. "Measurement 3", "Measurement 4" and "Alarm" can be freely labelled according to their use.

Measurements 5 and 6 can be taken into use if an extension unit EXU-800 has been connected to the controller.

Trend sampling interval: Here you can set trend sampling interval that is common for all measurements (see p. 8).

Example: Measurement 3 for room temperature measurement

- 1. Move to Device settings and press OK.
- 2. You can see from the display if measurement channels have been taken into use. Press OK.

🛠 Device settings Measurements 🛛 🛛 🗌			
Measurement 1	Outdoor temperature	(2.)	
Measurement 2	H1 Supply water		
Measurement 3	Not in use >		
Measurement 4	Not in use >		
Measurement 5	Not in use >		
Measurement 6	Not in use >		
Trend sampling interval	600s>		

- 3. Select the measurement channel use. (additional information about uses on the next page). Press OK.
- 4. Measurement channel 3 is now being used for room temperature measurement.

1	🛠 Measurement 3		
	O Not in use		
	H1 Room measurem. TMR	(3.)	
	♦ H1 Room temp. measurem. TMR / SP		
	○ Return water temperature		
	O Temperature of accumulator	<u> </u>	
	 ○ Temperature of accumulator ○ Ten X Measurements 		\sim
	<mark>◇ Mea</mark> Measurement 3 H1 Room measurement TM	1R >	(4.)
1	Measurement 4 Not in us	se >	

Example 2. Measurement 4 for alarm use

🛠 Measurement 4		
 Not in use H1 Room temp. potent Home/Away -switch Return water temper. H1 Room compensatio Accumulator temp. Boiler temp. 		
♦ Solar collector ♦ Measurement 4		
 ○ Pressure alarm ○ Burner alarm 	L Device settingsMeasure	⊥ ements ! ∐
 O Durner alarm ○ Pump alarm ○ Boiler alarm ○ Alarm 	Not in use > Alarm > Switch open >	
	Alarm >	

- 1. The most common alarms have already been programmed into the controller. Select "Alarm" to use alarms that can be freely labelled.
- 2. Give the alarm a descriptive label. Use the control knob to select a letter and press OK to confirm. When the label is ready, press OK for a number of seconds.
- 3. Select either an opening or closing alarm. Exit with ESC.

Measurement Measu	rement channe	I Measurement information
Outdoor temperature	1	If the controller is taken into use as a constant temperature controller, the outdoor temperature measurement is activated here and also inactivated if necessary.
H1 Supply temerpature	2	H1 control circuit's supply water sensor connected to the controller.
H1 Room measurem. TMR H2 Room temp. measure- ment TMR	3 and 4	The controller uses the TMR room sensor to measure the room temperature. The controller uses measurement information when it adjusts the room temperature according to set values. Connect the H1 control circuit room temperature measurement to measurement channel 3 and the H2 control circuit room temperature measurement to measurement channel 4.
Roomtemp.measurem.TMR/SF Room temp.potentiometer TMR/SP		The room sensor (TMR) is connected to measurement channel 3 and the potentiometer (SP) to channel 4. The potentiometer (SP) can be used to make changes from -5°C to +4°C in the room temperature setting. The TMR/SP affects the H1 control circuit.
Room compensation unit TMR/P	: 3	The room compensation unit (TMR/P) measures changes in room temperature and if necessary, ad- justs the supply water temperature so that the desired room temperature is reached. Use the TMR/P knob to steplessly set the desired room temperature between +16°C+24°C. The point in the middle is equivalent to a room temperature of about 21°C. The TMR/P is often already installed in renovation locations having EH-80. The TMR/P affects the H1 control circuit.
Home / Away -switch	4 or 6	Turn the Home/Away switch to the off mode (status) (contact closes) to make a "Temperature drop". Setting the amount of temperature drop: see p. 12. The home/away switch affects control circuits H1 and H2.
Return water temperature	3 or 4	The controller uses return water meas. information for control and can raise or lower the supply water temperature if necessary. The controller gives a lower limit alarm if the return water temperature falls under +5°C and an upper limit alarm if the return water temp. rises above 95°C.
Boiler temperature	3, 4 or 5	Boiler temperature meas. information. Lower limit alarm +45 °C, upper limit alrm +95°C.
Accumulator temperature	3, 4 or 5	Accumulator temp. meas. information. Lower limit alarm +2 °C, upper limit alarm +95°C.
Solar collector	3, 4 or 5	The solar collector's temperature measurement information. Make sure that the temperature sensor can be used for this.
Measurement 3 (4, 5):	4, 5 or 6	The meas. can be labelled. The controller gives a lower limit alarm if the temp. falls below -50°C and an upper limit alarm if the temp. rises above 130 °C. If the meas. is not labelled, it will read meas. 3(4, 5) on the display.
Pressure alarm	4, 5 or 6	Alarm information from a pressure switch connected to the heating network.
Burner alarm	4, 5 or 6	Alarm information about burner malfunction
Pump alarm	4, 5 or 6	Alarm information from a water circulation pump.

X Measurement channel settings

Measurement	Measurement channe	el Measurement infor	mation			
Boiler alarm	4, 5 or 6	Alarm information from	n a boiler's thermo	ostat.		
Spark alarm	4, 5 or 6	Alarm information from a spark detector connected to the controller which has detected and/or glowing particle (danger of fire from flying sparks in pellet and chip boilers) The V spark detector and the Atexon extinguishing system have been tested to be controller co ble. When the spark detector has detected a spark or glowing particle, the contact closes a controller gives off a spark alarm.			nd chip boilers) The VMR100 ted to be controller compati-	
Alarm	4, 5 or 6	Alarm that can be free	ly labelled.			
Connecting sensor EH-800 cords with p		Measurements 3 and 4 are connected	Setting	Factory	Setting	Information about
	- Outdoor temperature	using a connecting cord.		setting	range	the setting:
	Measurements 3 and 4	Meas. 4	Trend sam- pling interval	600 s	3021600 s	This setting is common for all measurements. In the EH- 800 model, you may down- load a trend file to your pc via controller web page. You may
RJ45-2 plug conne	easurements 5 and 6 usir ection Extension unit EXU-800 U45-2 10 (DI) 11 (UI)	ng the extension unit				examine trend via browser using Ouman Trend software. Go to www.ouman.fi to down- load the software.
Measurement 6: co mation (alarm or ho	intact infor- me/away) Measureme temperatur circuit heat Other temp or contact	ent 5: H2 supply water re, if regulator is double ing controller) perature measurement information, if regulator ircuit heating controller.		: :ure of accumu :ure of boiler nent 5 alarm arm :m :m	Measurement Not in use OHome/Away -sv OPressure alarm OBurner alarm OPump alarm OBoiler alarm OSpark alarm OAlarm 6	witch

X Device settings: H1 Process settings/ Heating mode

Device settings -> H1 Process settings -> Heating mode

🛠 Device settings...H1 Process settings

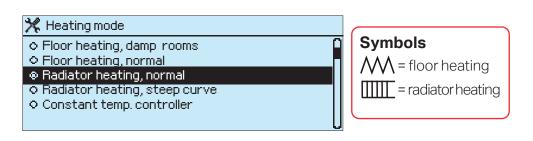
Heating mode	Radiator heating, normal >
Direction of valve	Open clockwise>
Heating curve type	3-point heating curve >
Name of control circuit	Radiator circuit >
Cascade control	Not in use>

Heating system-specific process settings are:

- selection of heating mode
- selection of valve direction
- selection of curve
- naming the control circuit
- taking cascade control into use (an extension unit must be connected to the controller)

The selection of the heating mode and valve direction occurs when the controller is taken into use but later on they can be changed from here.

The selected heating mode appears in the Process settings display. To change what you have selected, press OK and move to the setting you want to change and press OK, and a window will open for that setting.



The controller has factory set basic settings for the different heating modes which usually do not have to be changed.

Radiator heating, normal: this heating mode is a factory setting.

🛛 H1 Heating curve	80
-20 = 58 °C	60
0 = 41°C	40
+20 = 18 °C	20
Minimum limit: 12 Maximum limit: 75	+20 0 -20 °C

The curve is equivalent to the C curve of the EH-80 controller.

Radiator heating, steep curve: for a location requiring higher than normal temperatures in its heating system (less insulation or size of the heating system).

🛛 H1 Heating curve	80
-20 = 63 °C	-60
$0 = 44 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-40
+20 = 18 °C	20
Minimum limit: 12 Maximum limit:75	+20 0 -20 °C

Floor heating, normal: for the average residence.

H1 Heating curve	
-20 = [33 °C]	60
$0 = 27 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	
0 2. 0	
+20 = 20 °C	
Minimum limit: 12 Maximum limit: 42	+20 0 -20 °C

Floor heating, damp areas: e.g., for rooms having tile which are also heated in the summer.

H1 Heating curve	80
-20 = 31°C	60
$0 = 27 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	40
+20 = 23 °C	
Minimum limit: 23 Maximum limit: 35	+20 0 -20 °C

The supply water minimum limit setting ensures that damp rooms feel comfortable and maintain a drying temperature in the summer.



Device settings -> H1 Process settings -> Heating mode

Constant temperature controller:

The controller keeps the supply water temperature constant regardless of the outdoor temperature (special use). The factory set supply water is 15.0 °C, the supply water minimum limit is 5.0 °C, and the maximum limit is 95.0 °C. The outdoor temperature measurement can be taken into use (device settings/ measurement initiation).

Drying a concrete floor:

°C
°C
°C

The concrete drying function is used in new locations when drying the concrete floor. The supply water temperature is gradually raised to the maximum setting. If the valve does not open clockwise, change the direction of the valve in device settings (see next page). Concrete floor drying cannot be taken into use if the H2 control circuit has been taken into use.

Factory settings for concrete drying

Special application for the constant temperature controller:

When the controller is being used as a constant temperature controller, the set temperature for the supply water can be compensated with the room temperature measurement and the supply water minimum limit can be raised with the outdoor temperature measurement. (see Device settings/Measur.channels setting). Example: the swimming pool application. Install the supply water sensor to the pipe going from the heater to the swimming pool. Install the other surface sensor to the water pipe coming from the swimming pool and connect it to the controller at the room sensor spot. The controller will correct the supply water temperature with the room compensation function so that the return water temperature will remain at the set room temperature. If the swimming pool is outdoors, install the outdoor temperature measurement. Then you can set the supply water minimum limits according to the outdoor temperature to minimize the freezing risk.

Setting	Factory setting	Setting range	Information about the setting:
Supply water setting	15 °C	0.095.0 °C	A supply water setting is given here which the controller starts raising according to the rate set in settings.
Speed of increase of setting	1.0 °C / 24 h	0.050 °C / 24 h	The concrete floor must be dried slowly to prevent the concrete from cracking.
Supply water max. setting	30.0 °C	0.095.0 °C	The supply water temperature maximum limit. The controller raises the supply water set- ting at the set rate to this limit, after which the temperature remains at this level.

X Valve direction

Device settings-> H1 Process settings -> Direction of valve

X Direction of valve

Open clockwise

Open counter-clockwise

Select the direction for the valve to open here. The valve opens clockwise as a factory setting.

If the valve opens clockwise:

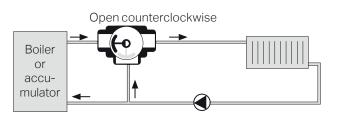


If the valve opens counterclockwise:

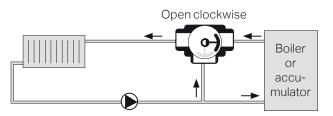


The range of movement of boiler valves is mechanically limited to 90°. Therefore, it is easy to find the limits by turning the valve to the extreme limits using the manual control knob or axle. Sometimes it may be difficult to determine the opening direction of a 3-way valve installed in the network, e.g., if the manual control knob is missing or the scale plate of the valve is installed incorrectly. To make it easier to determine the direction, a few hints are given below for the most common mixing valves on the market.

ESBE (3MG): The slide of the valve can be turned 360°. Turn the valve all the way to the left (9 o'clock). The tapered side of the valve axle always faces toward the slide. (the branch on the tapered side is closed).







TERMOMIX: The slide of the valve is always on the side opposite to the taper at the end of the axle.

If you can't get the valve turned so that the slide moves between the hot water branch and circulating water branch, the position of the valve cover must be changed. We recommend having a plumber change the direction because of the risk of water damage and burns.



X Selecting the type of curve

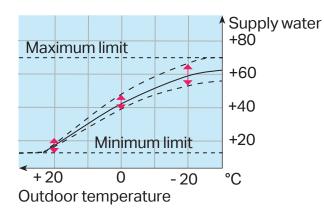
Device settings -> H1 Process settings -> Heating curve type

🛠 Heating curve type

3-point heating curve

5-point heating curve

Select either a 3 point or 5 point curve here. A 3 point curve is the default, so the controller prevents selection of a curve of the wrong shape.

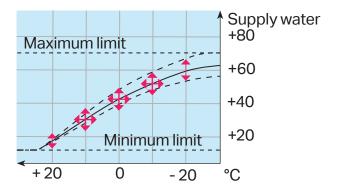


3 point curve: The supply water temperature is set at outdoor temperatures of -20°C, 0°C and +20°C. The controller prevents an incorrectly shaped curve from being set by automatically correcting the curve. **A 5 point curve** offers even more possibilities to make a curve of just the right shape to exactly meet the heating need of your facility. A 5 point curve does not have automatic correction of incorrectly shaped curves.

The 5 point curve is adjusted in the H1 Heating curve menu as follows: Set the supply water temperatures for outdoor temperatures +20, +10, 0, -10 and -20 $^{\circ}$ C.

H1 Heating curve	⁸⁰
-20 = 58 °C	-60
0 = 41°C	-40
+20 = 18 °C	
Minimum limit: 12 Maximum limit: 75	+20 0 -20 °C

Press OK for a number of seconds to change the setting points for outdoor temperatures between +20 and -20°C (the factory set points are +10, 0 and -10°C).



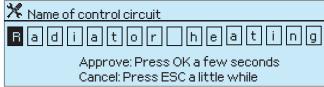
X Control circuit name

Device settings-> Process settings -> Name of control circuit

The EH-controller automatically names the control circuit according to the selected heating mode (radiator heat, floor heat, damp rooms, constant heating controller). If can change the name or the control circuit if you want to. You can name the control circuit, e.g., according to a certain area (downstairs, upstairs. tiled rooms). H1 or H2 will always appear before the name to indicate the control circuit.

Device settingsH1F	Process settings	
	Radiator heating,normal	>
Direction of valve	Open clockwise	>
Heating curve type	3-point heating curve	>
Name of control circu	it Radiator heating	>

The name of the control circuit appears in the controller's menu on the top row.



Labelling:

Turn the control knob and press OK to confirm. Press OK to move to the next square. Press ESC to return to the previous square.



Press OK for a number of seconds to confirm the name. Press ESC for a few seconds to cancel the name change.

🛠 Name of control circuit



Approve: Press OK a few seconds Cancel: Press ESC a little while

An example of labelling the control circuit. The new name will appear in the upper section of the basic menu.

DownstairsH1 Supply water info	
Supply water according to curve	35.1 °C
Effect of fine adjustment	5.9 °C
Calculated supply water setting	41.0 °C



Device settings -> H1 Process settings -> Cascade control

Cascade control makes it possible to combine two heating modes. Cascade control requires that either EXU-800 extension unit or EXP-800 expansion package has been connected to the controller. This makes it possible to control two valve actuators at the same time.

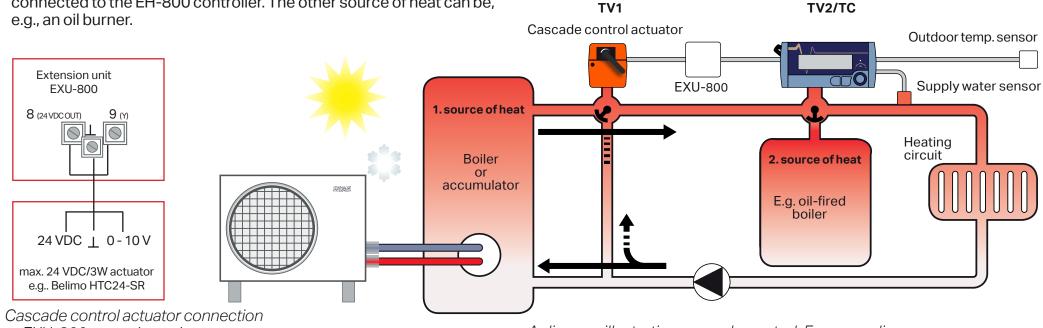
With cascade control, first open the cascade control valve (TV1) and then the valve that is connected to the EH-800 controller (TV2). The heating circuit's supply water sensor that is already connected to the EH-800 controller can be easily connected to the supply water pipe approximately one meter from the valve (see the diagram).

Example: Use a solar collector or air-to-water heat pump as a primary source of heat. When the controller has opened the cascade control's valve actuator (connected to the extension unit) to full speed, the controller begins opening the other heating source's valve that is connected to the EH-800 controller. The other source of heat can be, e.g., an oil burner.

Cascade control Not in use In use, actuator control 0-10V In use, actuator control 2-10V

Select either 0-10 V or 2-10 V control.

The power supply coming from the EH-800 controller to the extension unit is sufficient for an actuator having a maximum of 24VDC/3W (e.g., Belimo HTC24-SR) (connection to the extension unit's strip connectors 7 or 8). If you use a higher-powered actuator or an ac-powered actuator, the power must be supplied by a separate transformer and only 0 (2) ...10V control is taken from the extension unit (strip connector 9).



to EXU-800 extension unit.

A diagram illustrating cascade control. For more diagrams, see www.ouman.fi.

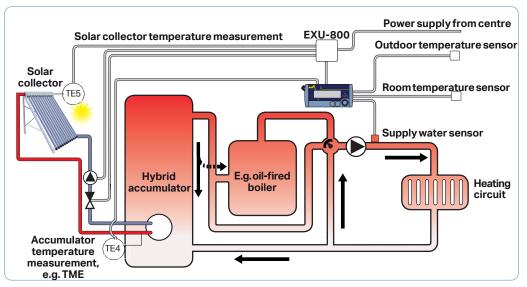


Device settings -> Hybrid heating

Hybrid heating uses two parallel heating systems. The more inexpensive heat source is used as much as possible and the parallel system is used as needed, for example, during long periods of very low subzero temperatures when additional heating capacity is needed. Hybrid heating may use, for example, solar collectors as the primary heat source, and any traditional heat source, such as oil or electricity, as the secondary heat source (see the diagram).

Hybrid heating uses relative power control, which helps obtain better efficiency that with cascade control (see p. 32). In hybrid heating control, it is also possible to cool the accumulator if it overheats. Cooling may be necessary, for example, in solar heating if the accumulator is small and the solar collectors produce too much heat.

Hybrid heating control requires that either EXU-800 extension unit or EXP-800 expansion package has been connected to the controller. If hybrid heating has been selected in the controller, H2 circuit is not available.



A diagram illustrating hybrid heating control. See www.ouman.fi for more diagrams.



Hybrid heating can not be taken into use if:

- 1. Cascade control has been taken into use (see Device settings -> H1 process settings -> Cascade control).
- 2. H2 circuit is in use (see Device settings -> H2 Process settings).
- 3. Relay control has been taken into use (See Device settings -> Relay control).

If "Hybrid heating" is not selectable in device settings, make sure that cascade control, H2 circuit and relay control are in "Not in use" state.



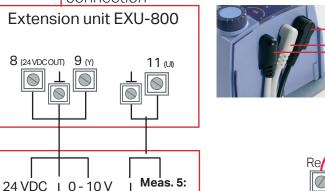
 \bigcirc

e.g. Belimo HTC24-SR

max. 24 VDC/3W actuator

When hybrid heating is taken into use, the controller automatically reserves measurements 4 and 5 to hybrid heating use. Accumulator temperature measurement is connected to measurement channel 4. and solar collector temperature measurement is connected to measurement channel 5.

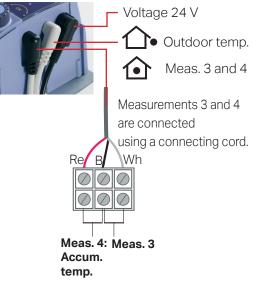
RJ45-2 plug connection



Solar

collector

EH-800 cords with plugs



charge Connectina pump actuator and solar collector temperature sensor to EXU-800 extension unit.

💥 Hybrid heating

Device settings -> Hybrid heating

Setting:	Factory setting	Setting range	Information about the setting:	
Hybrid heating	Notinuse	Notinuse Inuse	If hybrid heating is taken into use, the controller automatically reserves measurement chan- nels 4 and 5 to hybrid heating temperature measurements (meas. 4 for accumulator temper- ature, meas. 5 for solar collector temperature). The function requires that either EXU-800 extension unit or EXP-800 expansion package has been connected to the controller.	
Actuator selection	0-10 V	0-10V or 2-10V	Select whether to use a 0-10 or 2-10V voltage-controlled actuator in the charging circuit.	
Charging control Temp. difference where valve is 100%	20°C	0100 °C	The extent of temperature difference between the ac- cumulator and the charging circuit (e.g. solar collector) at which valve is driven 100 % open.	
Charging circuit valve min position	10 %	0100 %	The position of the valve is determined by the extent of the temp. difference between the accumulator and the charging circuit. If the temp. difference is small, the valve is driven towards 'Closed' position, and thus the flow gets weaker and the temp. difference gets bigger. This setting determines the minimum valve position when the pump is running.	
Temp. difference where pump starts	10 °C	020 °C	The charge pump is relay-controlled. The pump starts when the temperature difference between the accumulator and the charging circuit equals this setting.	
Temp. difference where pump stops	2°C	020 °C	The pump stops when the temperature difference between the accumulator and the charging circuit equals this setting.	
Cooling function Cooling	Notinuse	Notinuse, Inuse	As a factory setting, cooling is not in use. It is recommendable to use the cooling function if there is a risk of the accumulator overheating. Overheating may take place if, for example, the accumulator is small and the solar collectors produce too much heat.	
Cooling starts when accumulator temp. is	95 °C	0100°C	Charge pump starts and the valve is driven 100% open when the accumulator temperature rises to equal this setting. In addition, the charging circuit temperature must be at least the extent of "Temp. difference where pump starts" below the accumulator temperature. Moreover, outdoor temperature mustn't be below "Outdoor. temp limit for cooling".	
Cooling stops when accumulator temp. is	80°C	0100°C	Cooling stops when the accumulator temp. drops enough to equal this setting. Or when the temp. differ- ence between the accumulator and the charging circuit shrinks enough to equal the setting "Temp. dif- ference where pump stops". This is when the charge pump stops and the valve is driven closed.	
Outdoor. temp limit for cooling	12 °C	050°C	The outdoor temperature limit below which cooling function is blocked.	

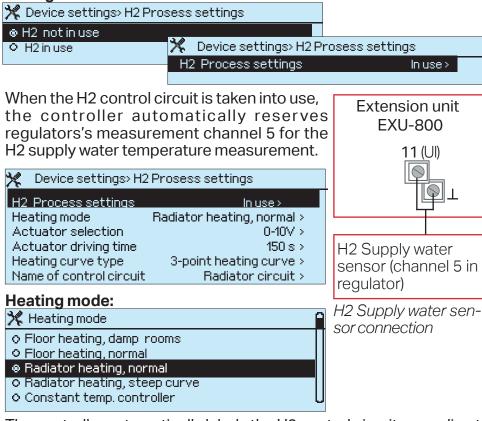
Initiation of the second control circuit and relay controls on page 35-37. These functions can be taken into use if the controller is connected to the extension unit, OUMAN EXU-800 (optional equipment).

🔆 H2 Process settings

Device settings -> H2 Process settings -> Heating mode

The extension unit, supply water sensor and the second control circuit's actuator are optional equipment that must be obtained seperately. Connect the H2 supply water sensor and the H2 circuit actuator to the extension unit. Connect the extension unit to the controller via the RJ45.2 connector.

Taking the H2 control circuit into use:



The controller automatically labels the H2 control circuit according to the selected heating mode. Additional information about different heating modes on p. 27.

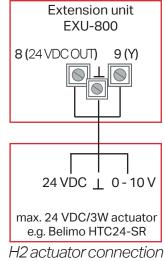
Actuator selection:

🔆 .Actuator selection

👁 0-10 V

♦ 2-10V

A 24VDC-controlled actuator can be used in the H2 control circuit. The power supply coming from the EH-800 controller to the extension unit is sufficient for an actuator having a maximum of 24VDC/3W (e.g., Belimo HTC24-SR). (connection to the extension unit's strip connectors 7 or 8). If you use a higher-powered actuator or an ac-powered actuator, the power must be supplied by a separate transformer and only 0 (2) ...10V control is taken from the extension unit (strip connector 9).



Actuator driving time:



Give the actuator a run time. The run time indicates how many seconds go by if the actuator drives a valve nonstop from a closed position to an open position.

Selecting the control circuit type:

🋠 Heating curve type 👘	
3-point heating curve	
♦ 5-point heating curve	

Here you can select whether to use a 3 point or 5 point curve. A 3 point curve is a default and the controller prevents selection of a wrongshaped curve. Additional information about curves on p. 30.

Changing the name of a control circuit:

💥 Name of control circuit 👘

35



See page 31.



Device settings -> Relay control

Relay control can be taken into use if an extension unit has been connected to the controller using an RJ45-2 channel. Select the relay use.

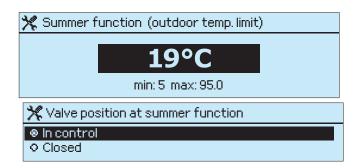
Device settings > Relay control Not in use Pump summer stop

- According to the temperature
- ♦ Accord. to temp. difference
- Accord. to H1 valve position
- Accord, to the time program
- 🗘 General alarm

Pump summer stop:

🛠 Device settings > Relay control		
Relay control Pump summer stop		
Summer function (outdoor temp. limi	t) 19°C>	
Valve position at summer function	In control >	

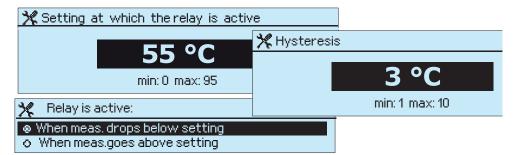
Give the controller an outdoor temperature limit at which it stops. The controller is given an outdoor temperature limit at which the controller is stopped. You can select here or in H2 control circuit special settings either to close the H2 valve or keep it on control when the pump stops (see p. 50). Connect the pump to the extension unit's row connectors 21 and 23. The 230 V power source that the pump requires can be taken through the external source (see separate instructions).



Relay control according to the temperature:

💥 🛛 Device settings > Relay control			
Relay controlAccording to the temperature >Meas. that controls the relayBoiler temp. >Setting at which the relay is active58°C >Hysteresis5°C >Relay is active:When meas. drops below setting >			
🎇 Meas, that controls the relay			
Measurement 1 Outdoor temperature			
o Measurement 2 H1 Supply water			
Measurement 3 H1 Room measurem. TMR			
Measurement 4 Solar collector			
O Measurement 5 Boiler temp.			
• Measurement 6 Not in use			

Select which temperature controls the relay. If the measurement channel has not been taken into use or you want to use it for something else, make the change at "Measurement channel settings" in device settings.



<u>"When meas. drops below setting</u>": Relay control switches on when the temperature drops to the set value and switches off when the temperature rises the amount of the hysteresis above the set value. Use this, e.g., when controlling an additional source of heat on (e.g., electric heater) or in an automobile heater outlet.

<u>"When meas. goes above setting"</u>: Relay control switches on when the temperature rises to the set value and switches off when the temperature drops the amount of the hysteresis below the set value. This can, e.g., control a cold room's compressor or heat distribution room's fan.

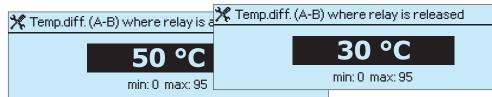
Relay control according to the temperature difference:

🛠 🛛 Device settings > Relay control			
Relay control Accord, to temp, difference			
Meas. A that controls relay Solar collector >			
Meas. B that controls relay Boiler temp. >			
Temp.diff. (A-B) where relay is active 50 °C \rightarrow			
Temp.diff. (A-B) where relay is released 30 °C >			

Relay control is activated when the difference between two temperatures is large enough. Example: Solar collector/ Boiler temperature.

🋠 - Meas. A that controls r	elay		
⊙ Meas.1 Outdoor temper		B that controls relay	
 o Meas.2 H1 Supply wate o Meas.3 H1 Room measur ◎ Meas.4 Solar collector o Meas.5 Accumulator ter 	Meas. 2 Meas. 3	Outdoor temperatur H1 Supply water H1 Room measurem. TMR Solar collector	
⊘ Meas.6 Not in use		Accumulator temp. Not in use	

Here you can select which temperature differences control the relay. Subtract temperature measurement B from temperature measurement A. If the measurement channel has not been taken into use or you want to use it for something else, make the change at "Measurement channel settings" in device settings.



Temperature difference (A-B), when the relay is active (ON):

The right temperature difference between the solar collector and boiler could be, e.g., 10 °C. When the temperature of the solar collector is, e.g., 10 °C higher than the boiler temperature, the solar energy collector's circulating pump is controlled on.

<u>Temperature difference (A-B) when the relay is released (OFF):</u> If the relay continuously becomes active and then released, the setting is too small.

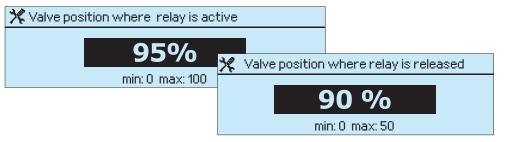
Relay control according to the valve position::

 Control
 Accord. to H1 valve position

 Valve position where relay is active
 95% >

 Valve position where relay is released
 90% >

Relay control is activated when the valve has opened enough. Example: At first the water in the boiler is heated using more inexpensive energy (e.g., an air-to-water heat pump). When the valve is 95% open a run command is given to the oil burner. The oil burner is turned off when the position of the valve is 90%.

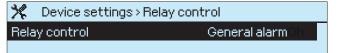


Relay control according to the time program:

ControlRelay controlRelay controlAccord. to the time program

The relay changes its mode according to its week/24 hour program. Example: Using electric heat at night for an additional heating source. See p. 18 to create the relay's week/24 hour program

Indication of alarm:



The relay is always activated when the EH-800 controller has an alarm that has not been acknowledged (see p. 17).



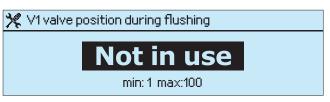
Device settings -> Valve flushing

It pays to take the valve flushing function into use when there are impurities in the fluid circulating in the pipes or if the position of the valve is not changed in a long time (e.g., the summer function is taken into use).

The controller checks the position of the valve at the same time it carries out the flushing function. First it completely closes the valve, then opens it to the flushing position and then to the position determined by the controller.

If the controller is in the pump summer stop mode, it turns the pump on for approximately one minute during valve flushing.

🔀 Device settings> Valve flushing	
V1 valve position during flushing	20%>
V2 valve position during flushing	20%>
Flushing day	Monday>
Flushing time	08:00>



To take the valve flushing function into use, set the percent that the valve is opened during the flushing function. When the controller flushes it also checks the position of the valve by completely closing the valve, then opening it to the set valve flushing position and then to the position determined by the controller.

🄀 Flushing day
Monday
♦ Tuesday
 Wednesdy
 Thursday

Set a date for valve calibration and valve flushing.



Set a time for the valve flushing and calibration. The controller first checks the position of the H1 control circuit valve and flushes the H1 valve. After that it checks the position of the H2 control circuit valve and flushes the H2 valve.

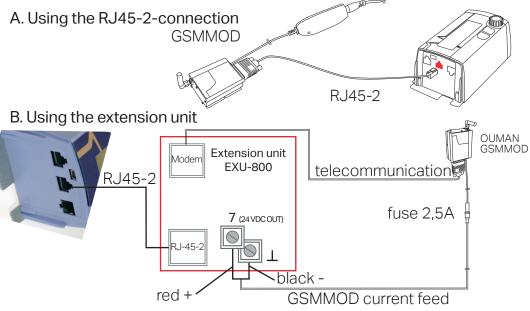
If the controller has stopped the pump (pump summer stop function), the controller runs the pump when it flushes the valve.

X Text message settings

Device settings > Text message settings

The EH-controller compatible GSM modem makes it possible to communicate with the controller via text message. If an extension unit has been connected to the controller's RJ45-2, then the modem is connected to the extension unit.

Connect the GSM modem to the controller



The selections that have been made appear on the display. If you want to make changes, press OK at the row you want to change and a window will open up.

💥 Device settings> Telecommunications settings 🛛 🛓		
Message centre number	+358447983500 >	
PIN	1234 >	
Device ID	>	
Alarm number 1	+358401111111 >	
Alarm number 2	+358402222222>	
Text message limiting (24h)	30>	

The controller automatically initializes the GSM modem at 10 minute intervals. This ensures that the GSM connection will continue to work after power failures.

Message centre number: The controller can identify the operator in use from the modem's SIM card. Identification occurs after the PIN is given. If the controller does not identify the operator even though the PIN is correct, write the message centre number. If you change the message centre number, the number is entered on the SIM card. The controller reads the number entered on the SIM card.



Message centre numbers:

DNA	+35844 798 3500	Elisa	+35850 877 1010
TeliaSon	era +35840 520 2000	Saunalahti	+35845 110 0100 or
Tele Finla	and +35840 520 2330	+3	35850 877 1015
		Pr	epaid: +35850 877 1010

PIN: If the SIM card has a PIN inquiry, the controller asks for the PIN.



Device ID: The controller can be given a device ID that functions as the device's password and location. The device ID can be freely labelled. When communicating with the device using a mobile phone, write the device ID in front of the key word. Note capitals and small letters in the device ID. Clear the fields to take the device ID from use.

🤻 Device ID	
Approve: Press OK a few seconds Cancel: Press ESC a little file	

Alarm numbers 1 and 2: The controller sends alarm information to two GSM numbers designated here.



Giving the number:

Turn the control knob and press OK to confirm the number.

Press ESC to return to the previous square.

Press OK for a number of seconds to confirm.

Press ESC for a number of seconds to delete the name change.

The country code does not have to be added to the number. Finland's country code is +358. For example, if the telephone number is 040840400 and you use the country code, enter the number as +35840840400 (the country code replaces the first number of the telephone number).

When the controller gives an alarm, alarm information is relayed first just to alarm number 1. If the alarm is not acknowledged within 5 minutes after the alarm message has arrived, the controller sends a new text message to alarm numbers 1 and 2. If the same alarm is repeated, the controller can only send a maximum of 5 messages about the same alarm in 24 hours.



Send the same message back to the controller to acknowledge the alarm.

Text message limiting (24 h): You can limit the number of text messages that the controller sends in a 24 hour period here. The controller also has a limiting function that allows only 5 messages to be sent about the same alarm in a 24 hour period.



X EH-800 network settings

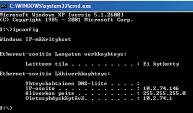
Device settings -> Network settings

The EH-800 controller can be connected to the shielded intranet and can be controlled using a computer's browser.

If the controller is connected to a network, it has to be given an IPaddress, subnet mask and default gateway (internet use) as well as a user name and password. Instructions for entering needed information into EH-800 are in the next section. EH-800B cannot be connected to a network.

Instructions for connecting the EH-800 device to a intranet:

- 1. After the PC has been started up select: "Start" -> "Run"
- 2. Enter "cmd" in the command prompt and select "OK".
- 3. Enter "ipconfig" in the command prompt and press "Enter". EH-800 can be connected to an intranet if the address begins with the following numbers:
- * 10.x.x.x (esim. 10.2.40.50)
- * 192.168.x.x (esim. 192.168.0.2)
- * 172.16.x.x 172.31.x.x (esim. 172.18.0.5)



If the IP-address begins with different numbers, it usually means the following:

* The service does not have a firewall device, meaning that the service is an unshielded direct connection to a public network. EH-800 cannot be directly connected to a facility's intranet with these settings. An external terminal is required to establish a secure VPN connection. In this case you must take care of the device's security and firewall yourself. Ouman does not provide product support for this feature. You might ask help for third-party IT expert.

- 4. Write down the following information:
 - IP-address, for example, 10.2.74.146
 - Subnet mask, for example, 255.255.255.0
 - Gateway, for example, 10.2.74.1
- 5. Close command prompt, write exit.
- 6. In the EH-800 controller go to device settings -> Network settings menu
- 7.In item 4 write the IP-address on the "IP-address" row of the configure window. Add ten to the last number series row. (e.g., 10.2.74.146 + 10 = 10.2.74.156) Enter the first number and confirm. Then give the second, third and fourth number (the fourth number should be between 1...253. The set number cannot be reserved for another device).

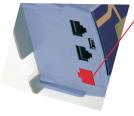
🛠 Device settingsNetw	ork setting/	S	Note!
IP-address Subnet mask Default gateway Port Web username Web password	7 8 9 10 11	0.0.0.0 > 0.0.0.0 > 0.0.0.0 > 80 > username > password >	Restart the cont- roller after chan- ging network settings for the
🛠 IP-adress			changes to come into effect.
Give number 1: O.O	0.0.0		
min: O	max: 255		

- 8. Enter the same subnet mask which you have written for yourself in item 4.
- 9. Enter the same gateway that you received into the controller.
- 10. The port address usually does not have to be changed. If port address 80 is reserved for some other device, change the port address (e.g., 81) and write the port number after the IP-address in the browser (e.g., http://10.2.40.50.81).

11. The factory setting for the WEB user name is name and the WEB password is password. Change the user name and password.



Establishing a browser connection



Connect the Ethernet cable to the connection on the EH-800 controller and restart the EH-800 controller. Write in the browser's address field the IPaddress that has been entered into the controller, e.g., http://10.2.74.146. If no connection is made, check the address you have entered. Note! Do not write www in the beginning. Login to the browser using the WEB name that you have entered into the controller (it may take a moment to login).

Connecting the EH-800 controller to the internet:

Technically it is possible to connect EH-800 to the internet. For public Internet access, the EH-800 controller must have a known web address. For this the dynamic DNS service is needed. In this case, the EH-800 controller can be found with the name you have given it. An external terminal to establish a secure VPN connection to the EH-800 is also required. In addition, security needs to be taken care of.

The controller should not be connected to a public Internet network without the use of separate security protections (firewall, secure connection). Customer must take care of the device's security and firewall by herself. Ouman does not provide product support for this feature. You might ask help for third-party IT expert.

		<u> </u>		fo Room temperature Conto info
Outdoor ten	nperature	-12 °C		Alarm! 20.10.2021 22:30 Boiler tempe
O Home	No H/A control	O Away		22.10.2021 08:40 H1 Supply wa
H1 Floor hea	ating		Measured	Controller determined
	11 Nominal temp.			
Room tempe			21.3 °C	21.9
H1 Supply w	ater temperature		25.2 °C	25.2
Room temp.	fine adjustment		Set 0.0 °C	Set new
H2 Floor hea	ating		Measured	Controller deter-
Temp.level: H	12 Nominal temp.			
H2 Supply w	ater temperature		26.7°C	26.8
Room temp.	fine adjustment		Set 0.0 °C	Set new

Necessary information and settings that are needed daily appear on EH-800's basic display. In the event of an alarm, alarms also appear on the basic display.

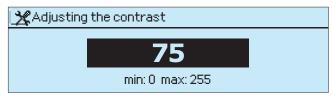
You can check, e.g., measurements or settings in more detail by opening the pages at the top of the page.

✗ Display settings

Device settings -> Display settings

🛠 Device settings> Display settings 👘		
Adjusting the contrast	75 >	Π
Turning the display	Normal>	
		U

Adjusting the contrast: You can adjust the contrast. At 0 the display is bright and at 255 it is black. The change can be seen after you have confirmed the setting change.



Turning the display: If the controller has to be installed upside down, the display can be turned so the text can be read right side up.

🎀 Turning the display	
🐵 Normal	
◇ Turned	

st Taking the locking code into use

Device settings -> Locking code

🛠 Device settings	
Valve flushing	
Telecommunication settings	>
Display settings	
Locking code	Not in use >

If you take the locking code into use, you can read controller information when it is locked but you can't make changes to controller settings. It is good to take the locking code into use, for example, when the controller is in a place where anyone could change controller settings. Locking prevents unauthorized use of the controller.

🛠 Give present locking code

Approve: Press OK a few seconds Cancel: Press ESC s little while

The controller asks for the present locking code. The locking code is 0000.

Turn the control knob and press OK to confirm the character. Press ESC to delete one character at a time. Press OK for a number of seconds to confirm. Press ESC for a number of seconds to delete the new code.

*	Locking code
۲	Not in use
0	In use

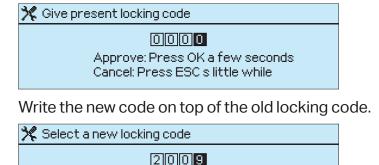
After you have entered the locking code (1324) you can take the locking code into use and then change it to a locking code of your choice.

st Change the locking code

Device settings -> Change the locking code

🛠 Device settings		
Telecommunication settings	>	Π
Display settings	>	
Locking code	In use >	
Change the locking code	>	U

The factory set locking code is 0000. You can change the locking code.



Approve: Press OK a few seconds Cancel: Press ESC s little while

X Type information

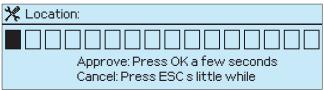
Device settings -> Type information

🛠 Device settings		
Telecommunication settings	>	
Display settings	>	
Locking code Not in use	e > .	
Type information	>	U

The type information tells you what controller is in question and what program version is in use and also the serial number. Write, e.g., the address of the controller in the location field of the controller. This is helpful when the controllers are connected to remote control and there are several locations to control.

🛠 Device settings > Type information			
Туре:	OUMAN EH-800 >	0	
Program version:	V. x.x.x >		
Serial number:	$\times \times $		
Location	>	U	

Write in the location field, e.g., the address of the device or a telephone number from which the owner or caretaker can be reached. You can use the information for remote administration, when you want to find the physical location of the controller sending an alarm.



Naming a location:

Turn the control knob and press OK to confirm the letter or number. Press ESC to return to the previous square.

Press OK for a number of seconds to confirm the name.

Key word: **Type** information

Send a message: Type information.

The controller will send the type information to your mobile phone. The message will give you the controller's program version, serial number and where the target is located.

Communication via a mobile phone

It is possible to communicate with the controller via a GSM phone if a GSM modem has been connected to the controller. (optional equipment).

Communication occurs by using key words. Your mobile phone can receive information about the controller's measurements, active alarms, supply water or room temperature. You can also read and change the controller's settings or control mode or switch the controller to a temperature drop or nominal temperature. Send the following text message to the controller: KEY WORDS.

You can send the text message question mark to the controller to get a list of key words. If the controller has a device ID in use (see p. 39), always write the device ID in front of the key word (example. TC01 KEY WORDS). Capital and small letters are different characters in the device ID!

The controller sends a list of key words as a text message that gives you information about the controllers' function. The key word is separated by a *l*. You can write the key word using capital or small letters. Write only one key word/message. Enter the key words into your phone's memory.

Key words:

Measurements H1 Settings H2 Settings H1 Room temperature info H2 Room temperature info H1 Supply water info H2 Supply water info H1 Control modes H2 Control modes Relay control Exception calendar Ouman Home Away Alarms Type information



words as a text message.

Informative messages:

Measurements Room temperature info Supply water info Ouman Alarms Type information These key words only give you information from the controller. These messages cannot be changed and sent back to the computer!

F	Text message					
From:	EH-800 Home					
OUMAN:						
Outdoor to	emperature = -1.2/					
Supply water temperature =						
43.2/						
Normal temperature (H/A con-						
trol)/						
Active alarms 1						
Options	Back					





The Ouman key word gives you temperature measurement information (outdoor temp., supply water, room temp.). The message also includes the calculated supply water setting (=the controller determined supply water temperature from the supply water info). The message indicates the desired temperature (nominal temp., temp. drop, big temp. drop or pre-increase.) and indicates whether the control command has come from the week clock, exception calendar or Home/Away (H-A) control. If the controller is not on automatic, the message indicates whether the controller is on forced control, manual or standby. If the controller has an active alarm, the number of active alarms appears on the display.

The key word Alarms gives you specific information about the alarms. The information is informative. You can't acknowledge alarms with this message.

If the controller has only one control circuit in use, you do not have to write H1 in front of the key word.

Communication via a mobile phone

Key word:

Instructions for changing settings:

Settings

From: EH-800 Home SETTINGS (1/2): Room temperature =(23.0) Temperature drop (room temperature) = 1.5) Bigger temperature drop(room temperature) = 5.0) Options Back

Send the controller this message: Settings

The controller will send a return message with the main settings. If you want to change a setting, write the new setting in place of the old setting and send the changed message to the controller. The controller will make the changes and acknowledge by sending a text message with the new settings.

Control modes

F	Text message				
From:	EH-800 Home				
CONTROL	10DES:				
*Automat	ic / FORCED CONTROL: /				
Continuou	s normal tempera-				
ture /					
Temperature drop / Bigger tem-					
perature drop / Manual: Electric					
(position 20%) / Stand-by					
Options	Back				

In the return message a star indicates the control mode that has been selected for the controller. If you want to change the control mode, move the star (*) in front of the control mode that you want to take into use and send the message to the controller. Note! if you select "Manual", be especially careful because of the danger of freezing and overheating.

The key word relay control will give you a return message showing you the relay control mode. You can change the control mode by placing a star (*) in front of the desired control (auto, ON or OFF).

Exception calendar: You can change the present exception calendar

F 🖂	Text message					
From:	EH-800 Home					
EXCEPTION CALENDAR 1: (#1) /						
20.2.2009	09:00 BIGGER TEMP.					
DROP/						
5.3.2009 AUTOMATIC/						
dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm status/						
Options	Back					

program, e.g., change the present exception calendar program, e.g., change the end time of the temperature drop by writing the new date in place of the old one and send the message to the controller. If an exception calendar program has not been made, the return message will have a form for the exception calendar. Write the date (dd.mm.yyyy) time (hh:mm) and mode that the controller switches to. The choices are "Bigger drop", "Drop", "Contin. nomin." or "Autom.".

Home



Use home control when a temperature drop has been made for the controller using the week/24 hour program or the exception calendar and you want to bypass the present temperature drop command. The home command switches the controller to a nominal temperature.

Away



Use the away control command when you want to switch to a temperature drop. The controller maintains the temperature drop until it receives a "Home" control command. The control command can be given via a mobile phone, Home/ Away switch or from the controller. If the controller has an exception calendar program in use and a "Home" control command has taken it from use, an "Away" control command will return the exception calendar back into use.



When either a "Home" or "Away" command is sent to the controller, the controller sends an informative OUMAN message as a return message. The message shows the temperature to which the Home/Away control (H-A) controls the controller.

When the concrete floor drying function is in use, the controller sends the same return message with any key word. The message shows the supply water temperature measurement information and the supply water settings which can be changed.

✤ 1 Special settings

Basic menu -> H1 (H2)Settings -> Press OK for a number of seconds

Other settings for room control >

Here are all settings. Special settings are hidden during normal use. Press OK for a number of seconds for them to appear and disappear in turn. The 🎤 symbol appears in front of special settings.

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:	
Constant temperature				
Supply water setting	15.0°C	0.095.0°C	Can be set when the heating mode is the constant temperature controller.	
Supply water range, min value	0.0°C	0.095.0°C	When the controller has been taken into use as a constant temperature controller, the supply water constant temperature range can be limited by giving the range a minimum limit.	
Supply water range, max value	95.0°C	0.095.0°C	When the controller has been taken into use as a constant temperature controller, the support water constant temperature range can be limited by giving the range a maximum limit.	
Room temperature settings				
Room temperature	21.0°C	5.050.0°C (0.095.0°C)	Basic room temperature setting for the controller set by the user. The room temperature can be set when room temperature measurement has been taken into use. The room temperature setting range can be increased or limited between 0.095.0 °C (see room temperature setting range min/max, p. 48 in special maintenance settings).	
📕 Fine adjustment	0.0°C	-4.04.0°C	Press OK in the controller's main display to set the room temperature fine adjustment setting (see p. 5) The fine adjustment corrects the control when the room temperature is continuously too cold or too warm. When a room sensor is in use, the fine adjustment directly effects the calculated room temperature setting by + 4 °C. When a room sensor is not in use, the fine adjustment effects the curve as a parallel shift. The steepness of the curve does not change. (see page 50).	

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:				
Other settings for ro	Other settings for room control >						
Room temperature free temp. drop	7°C	040°C	The lowest allowed room temperature during stand-by. If the room temperature measurement is not in use, the lower limit is given to the supply water temperature.				
Room temp meas- urement delay time	2.0 h	0.02.0 h	The time period from which the average room temperature is calculated that room compen- sation uses.				
★ Room compensation ratio radiator network floor heating 4.0°C 1.5°C 0.07.0°C If room compensation differs from its set settings, the room the supply water temperature. For example, if the room compensation temperature has risen 1.5 °C above the setting, the controller of ture 6.0 °C (4 x 1.5 °C = 6 °C). If room compensation reacts too		If room compensation differs from its set settings, the room compensation function adjusts the supply water temperature. For example, if the room compensation ratio is 4.0 and the room temperature has risen 1.5 °C above the setting, the controller drops the supply water temperature 6.0 °C (4 x 1.5 °C = 6 °C). If room compensation reacts too strongly to temperature changes, make the room compensation ratio smaller.					
Room compensa- tion's max. effect radiator network floor heating	15.0°C 6.0°C	5.095.0°C	Room compensation's maximum effect on the supply water Set maximum limits for room compensation here. If an external source of heat (e.g., a fireplace) effects room compensation so that rooms that are farther away get too cold, ecrease the set- ting.				
Room compensation adjustment time radiator network floor heating	1.0 h 2.5 h	0.0h7.0 h	The supply water temperature is adjusted during the room compensation adjustment time the "room temperature deviation x room compensation ratio" amount. A longer room compensation adjustment time is used in massive stone houses or houses with floor heating installed on a concrete floor.				
I control's max effect on supply wtr radiator network floor heating	6.0°C 2.0°C	0.015.0°C	I-control's maximum effect on supply water I-control's maximum effect on the supply water is limited to the temperature set here. If the I- control causes continuous wavering of the room temperature, decrease the setting.				
Room temp. range, minimum value	10.0°C	0.095.0°C	Limiting the lower limit for the room temperature range. Limiting the range can prevent an in- correct setting from being set.				
Room temp. range, maximum value	50.0°C	095°C	Limiting the maximum limit for the room temperature range.				

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:
Temperature drop:			
Temperature drop Supply water (radiator h.) Supply water (floor h.) Room temperature	6°C 2°C 1.5°C	090°C 090°C 090.0°C	Amount of temperature drop set by the user. (factory setting; 6 °C with radiator heating, 2 °C with floor heating). If room temperature measurement has been taken into use, the temperature drop is given directly as a room temperature drop. Temperature drops can be activated by the control- ler's time program, home-away function or the controller's forced control.
Big temperature drop Supply water (radiator h.) Supply water (floor h.) Room temperature	16°C 6°C 5.0°C	090°C 090°C 090.0°C	A big temperature drop set by the user (factory setting; 16 °C with radiator heating, 6 °C with floor heating). If room temperature measurement has been taken into use, the big temperature drop is given directly as a room temperature drop.
Temperature drop blocked	-45°C	5°C 050°C Temperature drops are blocked at this set outdoor temperature. Th ature drop function begins to be decreased 10 °C before this settir function is to decrease the danger of water pipes freezing during e and to ensure that after a temperature drop period the temperature of el in a reasonable length of time. The setting is same for circuits H1 and	
Supply water pre-increa	ase:		
Supply water pre-increase	not in use 1.5°C	0.125.0°C	The amount, in degrees, of the automatic supply water pre-increase occurring at the end of the temperature drop (week clock or exception calendar). The pre-increase helps raise the room temperature more quickly back to a nominal room temperature after a temperature drop.
Pre-increase learn- ing *)	1h	110h	The pre-increase function raises the supply water temperature the pre-increase amount for the length of time determined here. The pre-increase begins to effect before the week clock /exception calendar controls to a nominal temperature.
Pre-increase learn- ing *)	50%	0%100%	The controller can use pre-increase learning to increase the above mentioned pre-increase time if the controller has not obtained a nominal temperature in the set pre-increase time. If, e.g., the pre-increase time has been set at 2 hours, and self-learning at 50%, the controller can, if necessary, either shorten or lengthen the pre-increase time by 50%, so that the pre-increase time can be 1-3 hours. The room temperature measurement must be in use for pre-increase self-learning to occur.

*) shows only, if Supply water pre-increase is in use

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range	Information about settings:		
Supply water temperature co	Supply water temperature control:				
Supply water minimum limit radiator heating floor heating normal floor heating damp rooms constant temp. contoller	12.0°C 23.0°C 12.0°C 12.0°C	5.095.0°C	C Minimum allowed supply water temperature. A higher minimum temperature is used in damp rooms and tiled rooms than in, e.g., rooms having a parquet floor to ensure a comfortable tem- perature and removal of moisture in the summer.		
Supply water maximum limit radiator heating floor heating normal floor heating damp rooms	15℃ 15℃ 23℃	050°C	Supply water minimum limit with the outdoor temperature at -20. The minimum allowed supply water temperature when the outdoor temperature is -20 °C or below if it has been set higher than the "Supply water minimum limit" (see p. 12). This means that when the outdoor temperature is between 0 °C20 °C the minimum allowed temperature for the supply water changes linearly between the supply water minimum limit setting and supply water minimum limit (outdoor t20 °C) setting.		
Supply water max limit radiator heating floor heating normal floor heating damp rooms	75°C 42°C 35°C	0.095.0°C	Maximum allowed supply water temperature. The maximum limit prevents the temperature in the heating circuit from rising too high, preventing damage to pipes and surface materials. If, e.g., the characteristic heating curve setting is incorrect, the maximum limit prevents excessively hot water from entering the network.		
Fine adjustment	0.0°C	-4.04.0°C	Press OK in the controller's main display to set the room temperature fine adjustment setting (see p. 5) The fine adjustment corrects the control when the room temperature is continuously too cold or too warm. When a room sensor is in use, the fine adjustment directly effects the calculated room temperature setting by + 4 °C. When a room sensor is not in use, the fine adjustment effects the curve as a parallel shift. The steepness of the curve does not change.		
Fine adjustment damping point	7.0°C		The user set outdoor temperature limit at which the effect of fine adjustment begins to decrease. The effect of fine adjustment has completely disappeared with the outdoor temperature at +20 °C. This prevents, e.g., unnecessary heating in the when the weather is hot. As a factory setting the damping point is 7 °C. The fine adjustment setting is not in use when the outdoor temperature measurement is connected). Damping point		

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:		
Calibration of the fine adjustment	1.0	0.52.0	If fine adjustment does not change the room temperature as desired, the fine adjustment can be calibrated. Use the following form for calibration: "desired change"/"actual change." For example, if you want to raise the room temperature 2 °C but it has only risen 1 °C, set the calibration at 2.0 (2/1). If it has risen 3 °C, set the calibration at 0.7 (=2/3). The function is in use if the room temperature sensor has not been connected.		
Stand-by settings:					
Supply water free temp. drop. at 0	10°C	050°C	In the stand-by function, the lower limit of the supply water's free temperature drop at an outdoor temperature of 0 °C and above.	In the stand-by function the lower limit of the supply wa- ter at different outdoor temper- atures	
Supp. water free temp. drop. at -20 radiator heating floor heating	15°C 20°C	050°C	In the stand-by function, the lower limit of the supply water's free temperature drop at an outdoor temperature of -20 °C or below. The stand-by function's lowest allowed sup- ply water temperature with outdoor temper- atures between 0 °C20 °C changes linearly between the above mentioned settings.	Radiator heating Floor heating Floor heating Outdoor temp. +20 0 -20°C	
Return water control se	ttings (meas	surement chan	nel 4 has been taken into use for return water n	neasurement)	
FReturn water minimum limit	7°C	595°C	The minimum return water temperature with the	outdoor temperature above 0 °C.	
Return wat. min limit outd temp -20	10°C	595.°C	The minimum return water temperature with the With outdor temperatures between 0 °C20 °C, early between the above mentioned settings. The the supply water temperature drops below the s	the freezing protection limit changes lin- ne controller gives a freezing risk alarm if	
Return water maxi- mum limit	95°C	595.°C	As a factory setting the return water temperature measurement. If you want other uses for the return the highest allowed return water temperature. T water temperature after the maximum limit has b	urn water measurement, you can change he controller begins lowering the supply	
Return water compensation	2.0	0.04.0°C	The return water compensation changes the sup ceeds the return water max. limit or falls below th water temp. change = " return water compensa- the return water temp. exceeds the maximum lim ple, if the comp. ration for the return water 2.0, a the max. limit by 1.5°C, the return water temp. is	he return water minimum limit. The supply tion ratio" x "the amount of degrees that hit / falls below the lower limit". For exam- nd the temp. of the return water exceeds	

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:			
Outdoor temperature measurement delay:						
Outdoor temp. measurement delay radiator heating floor heating	2h Oh	015h 05h	The length of the outdoor temperature measurement monitoring period from which the control ler calculates an approximate average. Supply water temperature control occurs on the basi of the measurement of the average. The factory setting for the radiator heating delay is 2 hour and in floor heating (0h) the delay is not used. If the temperature is below zero and falling and for a period of time the room temperature rises too high or if the weather warms up and for a period of time the room temperature falls too low, increase the outdoor temperature delay time. the opposite happens, decrease the delay time.			
Floor heating anticipate	Floor heating anticipate					
Floor heating anticipate radiator heating floor heating	- 2h	06h	Floor heating anticipate attempts to minimize changes in room temp. when the outdoor temp. changes. In floor heating, the concrete slows the transfer of heat into the room. Floor heating anticipate minimizes changes in room temp. when the outdoor temp. changes. If the temp. is below zero and falling and for a period of time the room temp. falls too low or if the weather warms up and for a period of time the room temp. rises too high, increase the outdoor temp. delay time. If the opposite happens, decrease the delay time.			
Taking heating control i	nto use afte	er a summer fui	nction:			
Summer function (outd. t. limit)	Notinuse	Notin use 595°C	The outdoor temp. limit at which the H1 control valve is closed. (pump stop see p. 16). The set- ting is the same for control circuits H1 and H2. The summer function is inactivated when the outdoor temp. is at least 0,5° C below the setting and the clearance delay has ended (clearance delay) If floor heating for damp rooms is in use, the factory setting for the summer function is "not in use". The summer function is inactivated if the supply water freezing risk gives an alarm. This setting can be set in the H2 control circuit only if "closed" has been selected for the valve position in summer function.			
Summer function's max clearance delay	10h	020h	The purpose of the summer function's clearance delay is to delay heating so that in the summer the heat does not go on during the night when the temperature drops close to zero degrees for short periods of time. The clearance delay is the active summer function time x 1.7, but is limited to the maximum clearance delay that is set here. The clearance delay is inactivated in the following instances: If the room sensor is in use and the room temperature drops at least 0,5° C below the setting, in the event of a power failure.			
Valve position at summer function	Controlling	Controlling Closed	You can either set the temperature of the supply water in the H2 control circuit at its mini- mum limit or you keep control activated in the H2 control circuit during summer function.			

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:		
Autumn drying function	n and setting	js:			
Autumn drying Room temperatur	1.0 °C	not in use, 0.15.0°C	The amount the room temperature is raised when autumn drying is in use. (room sensor required).		
Supply water - radiator heating - floor heating	3.0 °C 1.2 °C	0.115.0°C 0.17.0°C	The amount the supply water temperature is raised when autumn drying is in use.		
door temp limit			Autumn drying is activated when the average temperature in a 24-hour period has contin- ually been above the "autumn drying outdoor temperature limit" (factory setting 7 °C) for a period of at least 20 days and after this drops below this limit. Autumn drying is activat- ed during the next 20 days whenever the average temperature in a 24-hour period is un- der the autumn drying temperature limit. The setting is same for circuits H1 and H2.		
In autumn, the temperature of the supply water is automati- cally raised for a certain period of time through autumn dry- ing. This decreases dampness in structures and takes away the damp feeling that you often get after summer.					

Setting	Factory setting:	Setting range:	Information about settings:	
F Tuning supply water setting				
🗜 P-area	250 °C	2600°C	The supply water temperature change at which the actuator runs the valve at 100%. For example, if the temperature changes 10 °C and the P-area is 200 °C, the position of the actuator changes 5%.	
📕 I-time	50 s	5300s	The deviation in the supply water temperature from the set value is corrected by P amount in I-time. For example, if the deviation is 10 °C, the P-area is 200 °C and the I-time is 50 s, the actuator is run at 5% for 50 seconds. Beware of constant waver!	
📕 Valve clearance	0.0 %	0.015.0	The ball valves of heating control systems may have some clearance. This possible clear- ance may cause some jitter which can be eliminated by increasing the valve clearance val- ue in the controller. You should first try for example the value 3% and check if this solves jitter problem. The control can be optimized by trying different values. Note! Too high val- ue can also cause jitter. This feature is available only in the control loop H1.	
Supply w. max. speed of change	4.0°C/min	0.05.0	The maximum speed at which the supply water can be raised when switching from a tem- perature drop to a nominal temperature. If the radiators knock, slow down the rate of change (set the setting smaller).	

Product packages



The product package includes all the necessary installation equipment and instructions.



EXP-800 product package content: Pre-connected expansion unit, connecting cable, Belimo HTC24-SR -valve engine, adapter for the most common mixing valve, TMS-3M -surface temperature sensor and the introduction of the necessary instructions.

Other optional equipment

TMR, Room sensor

Electr. no (in Finland): 71 655 44 (TMR/NTC10)

Position the room sensor (TMR) so that it measures the facility's average temperature. Connect the sensor to the controller as a two-wire connection using weak current cable and connecting cord.

TMR/SP, potentiometer having a room temperature measurement

Using the TMR/SP, the set room temperature can be dropped 5 °C or raised 4 °C without changing the controller setting. Connect the sensor to the controller as a three-wire connection using weak current cable and connecting cord.

TMS, surface sensor

Can be obtained without a connecting cable or with either a 2, 3 or 4 meter connecting cable. Can be adapted to both supply water and return water temperature measurements

Home/Away switch

surface or flush mounting

- Surface mounting, electr. no. 71 655 48
- Flush mounting, electr. no. 71 655 50

Surface thermostat C01A

In houses with floor heating it is important to ensure that excessively hot water that could damage structures or surfaces does not enter the heating system. C01A is a thermostat that stops the circulation pump in the event of overheating.

EXU-800, Extension unit

An extensionunit (connect using the RJ45) that makes it possible to take a second heating control circuit into use and control, e.g., a pump summer stop using a relay. It also makes it possible to receive alarm information from, e.g., a spark detector or heating network pressure switch.

GSMMOD, GSM modem

The GSM modem makes it possible to communicate with the EH-800 controller via GSM. The modem can be connected directly to the controller or via the extension unit. When the extension unit is in use the power source for the modem can be taken from the extension unit.

ANT1, External antenna

An external antenna for the Ouman GSM/GPRS modem

- Antenna with a small magnet base
- 2,5 m antenna cable, FME connection

CE-GSM10 Antenna extension cord

An external antenna for the Ouman GSM/GPRS modem

- 10 m antenna cable, FME connection
- Extension piece
- Used with the ANT1 external antenna

Remote use

Ouman 3G/4G modem can be used to create a mobile network in premises where such a network does not readily exist. Connection requires a SIM card with data connectivity (preferably with unrestricted data roaming. PIN code query must be disabled). The product package includes a 3G/4G modem, power source and an antenna. SIM card with data connectivity can be acquired from your own operator or from Ouman (available only in FInland).

In addition external terminal device, are needed to establish a secure VPN connection from the Internet to automation devices. NB! The EH-800B has no network features.

What to do if there is a fault the value is



The room temperature becomes too cold

Check the main display to see the controller's control mode and temperature. Check if the controller has already completely opened the valve, if the temperature measurement information is correct and are there active alarms.

- 1. Check the supply water info to see what factors are effecting the controller determined supply water setting and change the settings if necessary (see p. 9-10).
- 2. If the supply water info indicates that the supply water temperature deviates from the calculated supply water temperature, check whether the valve is stuck. Completely depress the manual control knob and turn the manual control lever at the same time. Make sure that the controller has been positioned on the valve so that the valve can open completely. (see p. 29) The valve must be able to move freely (90°). At the same time, check that the valve direction is correct. If the valve is stiff, ask an HVAC installer to clean the valve axle and hole going through the cover and change the seals.
- 3. If the valve is completely open and it's not warm enough, check if the temperature of the boiler or accumulator is higher than the supply water temperature. If the temperature of the boiler or accumulator is the same as the supply water temperature, find out why the boiler or accumulator does not warm up.
- 4. The controller gives a sensor fault alarm if the controller is not able to read temperature measurement information. Contact Ouman Oy maintenance.
- 5. Check the pressure of the heating network using a pressure meter. If the pressure in the network drops frequently, contact an HVAC installer.
- 6. Check whether the circulation pump is running. If the pump doesn't run as it should, contact an HVAC installer.

The room temperature becomes too hot



Check the controller's main display to see if the controller has already completely closed the valve, is the temperature measurement information correct or are there active alarms.

- 1. If the valve is not completely closed, check the supply water info to see what factors are effecting the controller determined supply water setting and change the settings if necessary (see p. 9-10).
- 2. Make sure that the valve is not stuck. Make sure that the controller has been positioned on the valve so that the valve can open completely. (additional information on p. 29) Make sure the valve direction is correct.

3. The controller gives a sensor fault alarm if the controller is not able to read temperature measurement information. Contact Ouman Oy maintenance.

If the device has a fault:

Close the valve using electrical manual operation. Disconnect the cords and take the device off of the valve. Do not take off the manual controller lever. Send the device to Ouman Oy. Include your name, address, telephone number and a description of the fault.

Warranty:

Ouman Oy has given EH-800 a three year warranty for the device. The warranty covers repair of the device at an Ouman Oy factory and includes necessary spare parts. The warranty is not in effect if the device has been installed incorrectly or mechanically damaged. The warranty does not cover indirect or consequential loss or damages. It does not cover the cost connected with finding a fault, detaching the device, or sending or installing the device.

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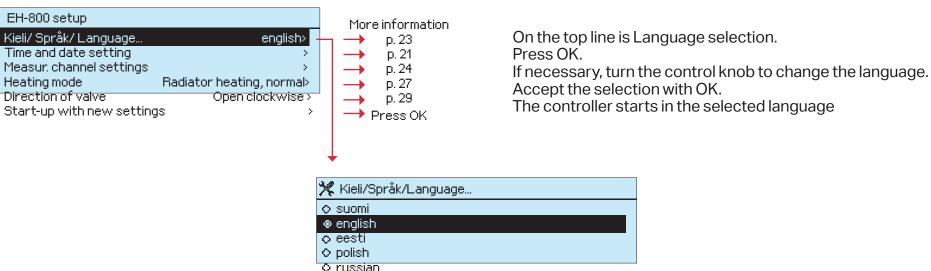
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Restore factory settings and start-up

Make a blackout by disconnecting the operating voltage from the 24 V plug connector controller.

Press the OK button all the way down and simultaneously plug the 24 V plug back into the controller.

Hold down the OK button for about 8 seconds and immediately release the OK button, when the device says: "Factory settings recovered!"



o svenska

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The enclosed marking on the additional material of the product indicates that this product must not be disposed of together with household waste at the end of its life span. The product must be processed separately from other waste to prevent damage caused by uncontrolled waste disposal to the environment and the health of fellow human beings.

The users must contact the retailer responsible for having sold the product, the supplier or a local environmental authority, who will provide additional information on safe recycling opportunities of the product. This product must not be disposed of together with other commercial waste.

— OK-knob and control knob



Power supply 24 V plug connector

Technical information

		CONNECTIONS:	
Controller:	Compact PI controller. The controller and actua- tor in one. The actuator's torque is 10 Nm and the swing angle is 90° and speed 150 s.	Supply water sensor:	Pre-connected NTC surface sensor, 1.5 m fixed connection cord, time constant < 2s
Control modes:	Outdoor compensated supply water control Outdoor and room compensated control Supply water constant temperature control	Outdoor temperature sensor:	15 m cord with plug, if necessary it can be lengthened or shortened, NTC, time con- stant < 10 min
Operating voltage:	Drying use (concrete floor drying) 24 VDC, 3.5W (cord and plug-in power source is included)	Measurement 3 and 4: taken into use using a connection cord)	Use: e.g., room compensation (measurement and/or potentiometer), home/away switch, alarm contact use, return water temperature measurement, etc.
	(the operating voltage can also be 24 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 7 VA)	USB-device:	PC's connection, e.g., in program updating
Casing:	PC/ ABS, IP 42	RJ45-2:	RS-232 connection for GSM-modem
Mounting:	Can be mounted to Termomix and Esbe 3MG valves using the mounting kit included Mounting kits for Esbe VRG and Belimo R4D(K) valves as optional equipment	KJ45-2.	Connection occurs using the extension unit (optional equipment) 1 pc Universal input 1 pc Digital input 1 pc Digital output 1 pc Analog output
Dimensions (mm):	width 172, height 91, depth 73	Ethernet :	Local network / intenet connection (not in the EH-800B model)
Weight:	900g 172	RJ45-1:	Battery backup (connection occurs using the extension unit, not in the EH-800B model)
Operating temperature:	050°C (storing -20+70°C)	Warranty:	3 years
Approvals: EMC-directive -Interference tolerance -Interference emissions Small voltage directive -Safety		Manufacturer:	Ouman Oy www.ouman.fi